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SIXTEEN PAGES — TWO RIYALS

Jordan youths enlist to fight Iran

AMMAN, Jordan, Jan. 30 (AP) — Heading King Hussein's call for volunteers to join Iraq in the war against Iran, hundreds of young Jordanian men lined up at recruiting offices throughout Jordan on Saturday, official sources said.

Many retired army officers also pledged their willingness to join the war against the regime of Iran's Ayatollah Khomeini, according to the sources who did not want to be named.

On Thursday, Hussein called for the formation of an all-volunteer brigade "to perform the holiest task in the Arab battle against Iran." He named the brigade "The Yarmouk Forces."

Since the Iran-Iraq war broke out in September 1980, Hussein has been the most outspoken supporter of Iraq, Jordan's eastern neighbor.

Prayer leaders here Friday called for the *Jihad* or holy struggle, against the enemies of the Arab nation and said Hussein's call for volunteers to fight Iran was "a declaration of holy struggle in support of the Iraqi peoples' war against Iranian aggression."

In Tehran the Iranian media Saturday practically ignored King Hussein's announcement. The English language *Teheran* announced in a sub title that Jordan had "declared war on Iran" while Radio Teheran merely referred to condemnation of the Jordanian step.

In Washington the Reagan administration made clear Friday it did not like the idea of Jordan sending volunteer troops to fight with Iraq in its war against Iran.

While not addressing Hussein's announcement directly, Alan Romberg a deputy State Department spokesman, firmly expressed U.S. opposition to any actions that could prolong the war.

"The king's statement appears to be a call for volunteers," said Romberg. "Apparently he would not be sending regular units of the Jordanian army. Obviously we have to wait and see what develops."

"Let me be clear though about the position of the U.S. government about this war in general," Romberg added. "As we have said since the outbreak of the fighting, we do not want to see the conflict widen. Our concern over any action that would tend to widen or prolong the war is well-known."

The United States is the major arms supplier to Jordan, Romberg said. Washington had not received any request from Hussein to use U.S.-supplied military equipment in Iraq. But he also pointedly noted that the arms supply "agreement with Jordan provides that defense articles of U.S. origin will not be transferred to a foreign military force without consent of the U.S. government. There has been no request for such a transfer of U.S. equipment."

"It also provides that such articles will only be used for certain purposes such as legitimate self-defense and to permit Jordan to participate in measures which are consistent with the U.N. charter," Romberg said.



TOURING SOUTH INDIA : Spanish King Juan Carlos visits a local agricultural university poultry farm near Bangalore and is shown here inspecting a prize rooster. The bird is held by Professor B.S. Ramappa.

Seeks major changes

U.S. to rejoin talks on drafting sea law treaty

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 (AP) — U.S. President Ronald Reagan announced Friday the United States will return to negotiations for a law of the sea treaty following a year's absence, but will insist on major changes:

The treaty would regulate exploration and mining of minerals on the ocean floor such as copper, nickel, cobalt and magnesium, even though actual mining may not begin until the next century.

The administration withdrew from the talks last March when a treaty was being drafted by about 150 nations, meeting under auspices of the United Nations. There was considerable international criticism of the U.S. action.

In announcing that the United States will return to the negotiating table, Reagan said in a statement that "some major elements ... are not acceptable," specifically those affecting the mining of deep seabed minerals.

James Malone, an assistant secretary of state and the president's special representative for the Law Of The Sea Conference, told

reporters separately the United States would insist on the following changes:

— The treaty must not deter development of deep-sea resources. There must be assured access for U.S. mining companies; there must be avoidance of any monopolization of deep-seabed mining by the international seabed authority, and there must be a "productivity ... thrust" to the treaty.

— There must be an opportunity for "adequate participation" in the decision-making process by all treaty participants, including the United States.

Instead of the one-nation, one-vote concept outlined in the treaty draft, Malone said the United States wants "to insure that we have the kind of input in the decision-making ... commensurate with our interests and concerns."

— Treaty amendments may not be adopted over U.S. objections.

— The treaty text must be acceptable to the U.S. Senate.

The White House said separately in a fact

sheet that the administration also objects to provisions of the draft treaty it said would impose artificial limitations on seabed mineral production and could require private miners to transfer technology to the international authority and to developing countries.

Malone said he will attend the next negotiating session in New York on March 8. But he didn't sound hopeful that a treaty acceptable to the United States could be agreed on soon.

"I'm not unduly pessimistic about this," he said. "But I'm certainly not overly optimistic. I think that it's going to be a very, very difficult task."

Malone said estimates of when it might be economically feasible to begin deep seabed mining range from the early 1990s to "well into" the next century. But that eventually the ocean will be "a very important source of strategic resources to the United States."

Senator Charles Percy, R-Ill., Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations committee, said he was glad negotiations would be resumed.

China records marvel of human carpentry

SHANGHAI, Jan. 30 (R) — The thumb on Miss Chao Jianping's left hand looks a bit odd, but it works well enough. Miss Chao's "thumb" used to be her second toe. It was transplanted in 1977 when she lost her thumb in a factory accident.

Within four months of the operation the new thumb, or "tinger," as such transferred digits are known, was working well, with a full sense of feeling restored.

It is also strong, as a reporter found out when she pressed it into his arm. Moreover the loss of a toe has not affected her gait.

To Chen Zhongwei, surgeon at Shanghai's Sixth People's Hospital the toe-for-thumb operation was routine, almost simple compared to some of his other feats of human carpentry.

A recent case involved a worker who lost both hands. Using two of the man's toes and flaps of skin from his big toes wrapped around pieces of bone, Dr. Chen was able to fashion what he calls "lobster claws" in place of the severed hands.

The result may not be very pretty, but it works.

And it works better than artificial limbs, which have no sense of feeling, and is cheaper, a major consideration in a country with limited resources.

Dr. Chen, aged 52, won world attention in 1963 when he succeeded in rejoining the severed right hand of a worker who was able to resume his original job after a year.

replanting severed fingers, which involves rejoining minute blood vessels and nerve ends.

With no micro-surgical facilities such as a radio microscope, "we were using a magnifying glass or even our naked eyes," Dr. Chen recalled.

But since 1979—with the help of a radio microscope, the survival rate of the replanted digits has risen to 92 percent.

Dr. Chen calculates that he and his colleagues have stitched back about 450 fingers

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'U.N. will not help'

Sultan calls for unity to regain rights

JEDDAH, Jan. 30 (SPA) — Defense and Aviation Minister Prince Sultan has reiterated his call for Arab unity and solidarity to be able to restore their usurped rights. He emphasized that "we must not expect the Security Council or the United Nations to bring about a solution of our case with Israel as it is an improbable theory."

In an interview published in *Al-Bilad* Saturday, Prince Sultan said the actual view ought to be based on solidarity, through which "we can regain the usurped land, no matter whether it is by peace or by war."

On the Arab summit, the minister said it will be successful and achieve welfare and development for the people. The extensive consultations and contacts among the Arab leaders provide a clear evidence that a desire does exist to realize solidarity for which every Arab aspires.

Prince Sultan referred to the Gulf Cooperation Council and said that the GCC meetings, which are held from time to time, are to

determine the dimensions of the Arabian Gulf strategy on its security and exploring the best means of developing this strategy. It aims to provide suitable bases for tackling of any attempts tending to hamper its progress and endanger the security of the Arab people. He said that the GCC states have progressed on the road to welfare and prosperity.

The defense minister said that all these meetings, being held at the defense, economic, internal and oil levels, will help in the achievement of security and stability for the Gulf peoples.

He stressed that the ideal way to encounter challenges is to get united and to adhere to the Islamic law (Sharia) which provides the most idealistic means to preserve the nation and the stability of the Gulf. He reminded that the people of the Gulf are one and will remain so, no matter how much any power tried to work against our security and stability. The stability of the Gulf region, being primarily the responsibility of the six GCC

member states, leads them to mobilize all their energies toward a collective action for the sake of preserving the sovereignty and safety of the member states, the prince said.

The minister reaffirmed that the peoples of the Gulf, with all their understanding and planning, are capable of making security and stability their slogan. He expressed the hope that "all our future steps will be taken on a gigantic scale", in order to bring welfare and prosperity for the peoples of the Gulf, making it a zone of security and stability for the Gulf peoples.

Italian mission here to promote printing exhibit

By Habib Rahaman
Arab News Staff

JEDDAH, Jan. 29 — A two-member Italian trade mission is here to promote the first "Print Italy" exhibition to be held as part of the Milan Trade Fair from April 14 to 17. It will also visit Riyadh in this connection.

Elio Enrico Veraldi, head of the delegation and of the Association of Italian Industrial Graphic, told *Arab News* Saturday that the association has 132 firms on its roll which deal only in printing materials like hygienic and sanitary articles, folding boxes, envelopes, security papers, corrugated board (sheets and cases), labels, flexible packages, bindings, business forms, large bags, and board and spiral tubes.

Samir Salamat of the Italian Trade Commission said that individual Italian companies have been exporting these goods to the Kingdom, but all the firms are brought together in order to boost exports. The association also is planning to invite 20 top businessmen selected in this trade along with three newsmen for the exhibition. "We may even sponsor them," Salamat said.

Besides, Alitalia also is organizing a package tour for businessmen. He said these steps are part of a bigger drive to capture a part of the Saudi Arabian market.

The mission is to visit Kuwait and Iraq. Another delegation from the association will visit Algeria and Egypt.

Even Germany, France and Britain depend on Italian market for its printing materials. The Italian printing industry has more than 13,000 companies and its turnover is \$7.2 billion, according to Veraldi.

Efforts are being made to make "Print Italy" a great success. Trade delegations from Middle East and North African countries have been invited for the fair. Over 320,000 potential visitors have been contacted. A guide to the printing industry will be published in four languages during the fair and 30,000 copies of general inventory of the firms will be distributed all over the world.

The participants in the seminar will evaluate a proposed academic policy and a plan to select the teaching corps. Requirements of conventional medical schools will be compared against those of comprehensive colleges. The seminar also will tackle organizing the fields of cooperation between health ministries of the Gulf states.

The seven states which support the Arabian Gulf University — Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Kuwait, Qatar, the United Arab Emirates, Oman and Iraq — have already selected 50 pre-medical students to enroll at the new college in September, 1982. A contract for the university's master plan was won by the U.K. firm Sheppard Robson Overseas. Scheduled for completion by September or October, 1985, the overall cost of the complex is estimated to be about \$400 million.

In addition to deputy ministers, the seminar will be attended by the Health Secretary General of Gulf States, the Secretary General of Islamic Medicine of Kuwait, the medical school's advisory committee, some professors and representatives of the World Health Organization (WHO).

Officials to hold talks on policy of medical college

Riyadh, Jan. 30 (SPA) — Gulf deputy health minister will attend a medical education seminar to be organized by the Riyadh-based Arab Gulf Educational Bureau in Manama Feb. 12 to 15.

The seminar, organized in cooperation with the Bahraini Health Ministry, will discuss the educational policy of the proposed Gulf University's medicine and medical sciences school. It will deal with modern methods in medical education and academic and training programs which can be applied at the school.

A \$44.5 million contract was awarded recently to a French firm to implement the first phase of the medical school. The project, scheduled for completion by February, 1984, includes some 123 laboratories, a medical library and facilities for autopsy, surgery and pediatrics.

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New mandatory standards issued

Riyadh, Jan. 30 (SPA) — The Saudi Arabian Standards Organization has announced new mandatory standards for government and non-government organizations.

The standard specifications, announced Friday, cover knives, step balances, methods for load verification of tensile testing machines, liquefied carbon-dioxide for industrial purposes and methods of testing it, seamless steel cylinders for compressed gases and their test methods, absorbent cotton ribbon gauze and their test methods, enriched and germinated treated wheat flour and its test methods, hygienic regulations for food plants and employees, canned mudamas beans and their method of testing.

Brazilians call on Saud

JEDDAH, Jan. 30 (SPA) — Deputy Makah Governor Prince Saud ibn Abdul Mohsen received Saturday the Brazilian parliamentary delegation visiting the Kingdom currently.

During the meeting attended by Saudi Arabian Ambassador to Brazil Sheikh Abdullah Habani, cordial talks were exchanged on bilateral relations.

Minister okays six projects

Riyadh, Jan. 30 (SPA) — Dr. Soliman A. Solaim, commerce minister and acting minister of agriculture and water, Saturday approved six animal husbandry projects worth more than SR34.75 million.

One of the projects is to be implemented in Khari with an annual productive capacity of 1,750 head of cattle at a cost of more than SR11.81 million.

The second and third projects will be set up in Qasim, to produce 1,500 and 29,000 head of cattle annually at a cost of SR7.21 million and SR5.38 million, respectively.

Another similar project is to be set up in Ouwayyah in which the annual productive capacity is estimated at 1,000 head of cattle costing SR3.65 million. A SR3.48-million project in the Northern Region is expected to have an annual yield of 18,000 head of cattle, while the sixth project will be implemented in Jizan, with an annual productive capacity of

440 head of cattle at a cost of SR3.2 million.

The Ministry of Planning has targeted an annual growth rate of five percent for agriculture in the Third Plan period, and the plan provides for a total expenditure of SR61.8 billion, according to the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency's 1980 annual report. The budget for fiscal year 1400/01 made an appropriation of SR12.2 million for the agricultural sector, one fifth of the third plan expenditure.

According to SAMA, although Saudi Arabia's arid climate and scarcity of water present daunting obstacles to the development of agriculture and animal resources, the government is determined to develop the country's agricultural and water resources with a view to diversifying domestic food supplies, to reduce the country's dependence on imported food, and to meet the fast-growing demand for water.

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• AL-KHOBAR: Tel: 8645762. • DAMMAM: Tel: 8343156.



NEW STREET : Ruins of the Al-Mukhtar supermarket at Khalid bin Walid Street, seen above, make way for a new street to connect the Prince Fahd Street with the sea. Scores of houses and shops have been bulldozed for the purpose. Their owners received full compensation assessed at current market rates. .

Prayer Times

Sunday	Makkah	Madinah	Riyadh	Dammam	Buraidah	Tabuk
Fajr (Dawn)	5:34	5:39	5:11	5:00	5:24	5:57
Dhuhr (Noon)	12:34	12:35	12:06	11:53	12:18	12:47
Asr (Afternoon)	3:47	3:44	3:15	3:00	3:24	3:51
Maghrib (Sunset)	6:11	6:07	5:38	5:22	5:47	6:13
Isha (Night)	7:41	7:37	7:08	6:52	7:17	7:43

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Sultan-Henry discussions to center on cooperation

By Wahib Ghorab

Riyadh Bureau

RIYADH, Jan. 30 — French Defense Minister Charles Henry arrived here Saturday on an official visit at the invitation of Prince Sultan, minister of defense and aviation.

He said that his visit aims at boosting cooperation with Saudi Arabia which France considers a power not only in this area but in the world as a whole.

On the other hand, Prince Sultan said the Kingdom is developing its navy and that all plans are going well. He added that the accord signed by the two countries under the name "SAWARI" (masts), is progressing according to program and there are no obstacles.

Regarding the Kingdom's inclination to buy arms from France, Prince Sultan said this matter will be judged on the principle of diversification of arms sources, which characterizes Saudi Arabia's policy especially as regards the friendly industrialized nations.

Prince Sultan said the Kingdom had agreed with the United States, and still agrees, to build the navy and naval bases. Later, this accord was developed with France and an agreement was signed with it for the supply of a set of naval equipment necessary for the Kingdom's coasts, he said. The prince added that France is considered a friendly country and described dealings with it as "excellent".

Last year, the two countries signed a \$3.5 billion contract for the sale of warships, supply ships, coastal defense equipment and helicopters for naval warfare. The contract was signed during the visit of former Minister Robert Galley who said then that military cooperation between the two countries was built on a strong basis of friendly relations.

Prince Sultan has said then that "as friends we are used to visit between the officials of the ministries of defense."

Municipal guards to watch property

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, Jan. 30 — A new security department comprising 200 officers has been formed by the municipality here to streamline its operations, according to Wahib Attar, supervisor of security and head of the central office of cleaning.

Attar said the department will be able to do the job of the policemen who used to help the

King cables mosque council

MAKKAH, Jan. 30 (SPA) — King Khalid said Saturday he hoped that Almighty God will enable the World Higher Council for Mosques to serve His religion and work for the interest of Islam and Muslims.

In a reply telegram to the council, the monarch expressed his confidence that it will work to please God and to preserve the mosques. In a similar message, Crown Prince Fahd expressed the hope that "God will enable us to serve Islam and Muslims and to render every assistance to preserve the mosques."

Meanwhile, the council held its third session Saturday under its chairman, Sheikh

275,000 lines installed

Phone company sets record

JEDDAH, Jan. 30 — Telephone lines installed in the Western Region exceeded 275,000 by the end of December, 1981, according to a Saudi Telephone statement Saturday. In December alone, more than 4,500 lines were installed, the report added.

Saudi Telephone reported that approximately 50 percent of all service requests were installed within 24 hours after receiving a service order. Ninety-eight percent of all orders are now being installed within 14 days, the statement added. Also, in December Saudi Telephone's repair forces were virtually trouble-free since more than 99.7 percent of all lines did not encounter faults on a daily basis.

"When troubles do occur, the reports are analyzed quickly and if required, technicians are dispatched promptly to repair the problem," said Rabi Dahlan, Western Region general manager. During December Saudi Telephone's repair forces were able to clear more than 88 percent of all troubles within

King Shah visits plant

JEDDAH, Jan. 30 (SPA) — Malaysia's Ahmad Shah visited the desalination plant here Saturday as part of his week-long visit to the country. He was accompanied by Health Minister Dr. Hussein Al-Jazaeri, minister-in-waiting.

King Shah had earlier gone to Makkah for prayers and the farewell tawaf. He also visited Taif and the Eastern Region.

Abdul Aziz ibn Baz, to discuss developments in the issue of Afghanistan. It denounced the Soviet occupation and stressed the need for helping the Afghan refugees. It also appealed to the Islamic world to give them as much assistance as possible, in view of the difficult situation in which they are living.

The council further condemned the Soviet supplies to Ethiopia, which are being used to commit aggression on Somalia. It held a discussion on the repeated Zionist assaults on the Aqsa Mosque in occupied Jerusalem, and debated the missionary activities among the Islamic minorities and other peoples.

Girls' college awards SR90m contract

DAMMAM, Jan. 30 (SPA) — Dammam's Girls' College administration recently awarded an SR90 million contract to construct temporary buildings for the Colleges of Arts and Sciences. The contract, awarded to a national company, calls for completion of work within 19 months.

According to Dr. Muhammad Ali Al-Harfi, director general of girls' colleges in Dammam, the project incorporates several laboratories, closed television circuits, a lectures hall and several gardens. Another SR4 million contract to a national firm has been awarded for fencing the girls' college premises in Dammam, Harfi said.

In a separate educational development, Western Region Education Director General Dr. Abdullah Al-Zaid held a meeting in Jeddah with directors of intermediate and secondary schools in the region. They discussed the student guidance program, its implementation and priorities to be taken into consideration for each stage to compliment the potentials of the students.

Zaid said the program will be applied by the beginning of the second semester for the Western Region's schools. It aims at acquainting the students with the vocational and academic opportunities open to them and students' relations with their homes, schools and the society.

In other news, Dammam's Science and Mathematics Center and the Intermediate College began examinations Saturday for the first semester of the current academic year. The examinations will last until Feb. 10, according to Muhammad Al-Mansour, dean of the center and intermediate college.

Mansour said 16 students have been granted admission to the center and 75 students were enrolled at the intermediate college. The newcomers are teachers practicing in the Dammam and Abha educational directorates and they will begin studies in the second semester, he said.

He added that after the completion of the examinations, 44 students from the center and 90 students from the college will graduate.

Meanwhile, Riyadh's Vocational Training Center announced that 250 trainees were granted admission to its evening specialized courses. About 400 trainees have enrolled in the evening courses which began earlier this week including departments of car mechanics,

ics, electricity, welding, carpentry, plumbing, metallurgy, car body repairs and cooling.

The evening classes include two sessions annually, each lasting five months. Admission conditions include Saudi Arabian nationality, age limit of 17 to 20 and proper medical and physical fitness. Trainees get an incentive payment of SR400 monthly in addition to free accommodation, transport and clothing. Upon graduation, every trainee is given

SR2,000 and they are entitled to a loan of SR100,000 if they wish to open their own workshops.

At Imam Muhammad ibn Saud Islamic University's lectures hall Sunday, a doctorate degree thesis will be presented by Abdul ibn Musla Al-Shaker. A student of the Higher Jurisdiction Institute of IMISU, Shaker will present his thesis on the restrictions of private ownership in Sharia.

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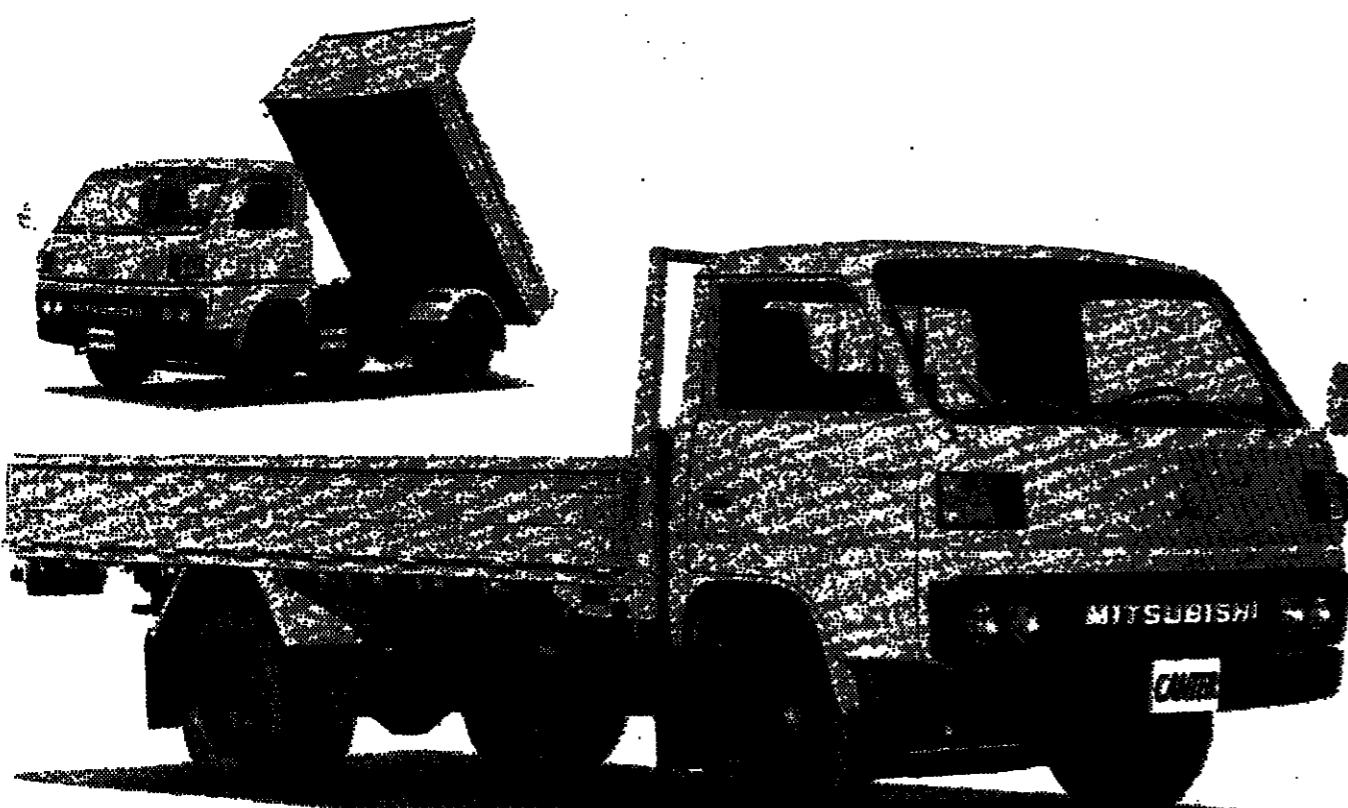
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All contractors are kindly requested to check the schedule posted in the Contracting Department in Dhahran to determine when they have been scheduled to attend one of the briefings to be given concerning CIS. At each briefing the new system will be explained and contractors will be advised on how to update information related to their organization.

The first briefing will be held on Feb 8, 1982. In order to limit the number of attendees at any one session, contractors are requested to attend on the date scheduled.

Aramco wishes to emphasize the importance of the briefings and strongly urges all Aramco contractors to attend one session.

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Aramco Contracting Department

Arab meeting on Golan postponed

TUNIS, Jan. 30 (AFP) — A special meeting of Arab foreign ministers, set for Feb. 7 in Tunis to discuss Israel's annexation of the Golan Heights, has been rescheduled to Feb. 12, sources close to the Arab League reported Saturday.

The postponement was the third since the Israeli parliament voted on Dec. 14 to extend Israeli law to the territory it occupied from Syria in the 1967 war.

The latest postponement was requested by the Syrian government, and approved by Arab League Secretary-General Chedli Klibi. The reason cited was the current meeting of the United Nations General Assembly on the Golan Heights annexation.

The Arab foreign ministers' conference was initially scheduled for Dec. 27. It was first postponed to allow the U.N. Security Council to debate possible sanctions against Israel. On Jan. 20, the United States vetoed a Jordanian resolution calling for such sanctions.

Several U.N. members then requested a General Assembly vote, and the Arab ministers meeting, set for Jan. 24, was postponed again, this time to Feb. 7.

The Security Council, in a resolution passed unanimously on Dec. 18, agreed that Israel's annexation was "null and void."

Iran executes two militants

TEHRAN, Jan. 30 (AFP) — Two militants of the anti-clerical Islamic Forghani movement were executed Friday in the eastern Azerbaijani city of Tabriz of having taken part in political assassinations, the daily *Islamic Republic* reported Saturday.

The paper said the two men, who were hanged publicly during noon-time Friday prayers, had made full confessions, including their participation in the murder two years ago of Ayatollah Ghazi Tabatabai, Ayatollah Khomeini's personal representative in Tabriz.

They were also responsible for the abortive attempt against the Hojatoleslam Khamenei in June, 1981, they said, and the daily *Eteelaat* added that one of them, Massud Taghizadeh, aged 27, "admitted frankly" that his aim was "to liberate the country from the regime of the Mullahs."



GULF WAR: A latest photo of the Iraqi-Iranian war received from Tehran shows smoke and dust rising from a house hit by Iraqi aircraft on the outskirts of Abadan recently.

Turkey may get U.S. F-18s

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 (AFP) — The United States plans to sell either F-16 or F-18 combat planes to Turkey, according to Pentagon sources.

The sources, who wished to remain anonymous, said the Defense Department is conducting a study to decide which plane would be better suited to Ankara's needs and financial means. The number of craft involved was not specified.

When Defense Secretary Caspar Wein-

berger visited Ankara last month, Turkish leaders asked for American aid in modernizing Turkey's armed forces, particularly the air force.

Some reports put the number of aircraft involved in the planned sale at 300, for a price estimated at almost \$8 billion.

The Pentagon sources pointed out that the price exceeded Turkey's present financial means. The country is having serious economic problems and has heavy foreign debts.

Ulusu says

Europe resolution 'hostile' to Turkey

ANKARA, Jan. 30 (AP) — Turkish Premier Bulend Ulusu Saturday criticized as "hostile" a Council of Europe resolution condemning alleged human rights violations here.

Addressing a consultative assembly budget session, Ulusu said the resolution reflected "a hostile stance against Turkey" and contained unfair accusations.

Turkish Head of State Gen. Kenan Evren was expected to disclose in a nationally televised speech Sunday whether Turkey will withdraw from the 21-nation council.

The council's parliamentary assembly adopted the tough resolution. Ulusu said that the Military National Security Council is studying it.

Turkey's generals toppled the civilian gov-

ernment in September, 1980, saying they acted to prevent a possible civil war and economic collapse. Nearly 40,000 people have been jailed since then, most accused of being the right and left-wing terrorists who were engaging in murderous feuds.

The government has been accused of violating the human rights of some of those detainees. The Danish government was reported planning to lodge a complaint to the European Human Rights Commission against Turkey.

Ulusu, in his speech referring to Turco-Greek disputes over the Aegean said Turkey had always been ready to solve the confrontation through bilateral talks but the government of Premier Andreas Papandreou "purposely" blocked the route.

"Turkey would never tolerate any fait accompli that could be created by Greece in the Aegean Sea," said Ulusu.

Three mines found in Jordan Valley

TEL AVIV, Jan. 30 (AP) — An Israeli army patrol in the Jordan Valley Friday uncovered three mines planted by Palestinian commandos who infiltrated from Jordan, an Israeli military spokesman said.

The military said the anti-vehicle mines were found along the border security route south of the Jewish farming settlement of Mekhora, 11 kms west of the Jordan River, which separates Israeli-occupied land from Jordanian territory. No one was injured by the American-made V-19 mines, the military said.

It was the first incident of infiltration across the Jordan River since August when nine Israeli soldiers driving in two army patrol vehicles were injured after they drove onto land mines planted by commandos.

Israel is particularly concerned at any indication of attacks from across Jordan.

N. Yemen leader to visit Gulf

ABU DHABI, Jan. 30 (R) — North Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh will begin a two-day visit to the United Arab Emirates (UAE) on Feb. 17, the official Emirates News Agency reported Saturday.

It said he would discuss bilateral relations and Middle East developments with UAE president, Sheikh Zayed bin Sultan Al-Nahayan.

Saleh will also visit Iraq, Oman, Kuwait and Bahrain next month, according to Gulf press reports. The UAE and other Gulf states have given substantial aid to North Yemen.

Syria denies execution of former defense aide

KUWAIT, Jan. 30 (AP) — Syria's former deputy defense minister, Gen. Naji Jamil, was executed in Damascus a few days ago as part of a massive army purge following an attempted coup against President Hafez Assad's regime, Kuwait's independent newspaper *Al-Qabas* reported Saturday. Syria strongly denied the report.

"The report is ridiculous and deserves no comment. It reflects the dreams of Syria's enemies", a spokesman who declined to be named said in Damascus. He added that claims of a coup attempt were "unfounded."

Al-Qabas attributed the report of Jamil's

execution to unnamed Jordanian official sources. Jordan and Syria have been locked in a war of words over Syria's charges that Jordan has helped opponents of the Assad regime in a two-year campaign of bombings and assassinations that has claimed several lives.

Al-Qabas quoted the Jordanian sources as saying 150 Syrian army officers, including 10 brigadiers, were arrested in connection with the alleged coup attempt and mutiny by the army's third division in Syria's southern city of Deraa near the Jordanian border.

'Orly' group halts anti-France acts

BEIRUT, Jan. 30 (AP) — An Armenian guerrilla group calling itself the "Orly Organization" announced on Saturday it had suspended terrorist operations against France because French authorities promised a fair trial and political rights to four group members held in a Paris prison.

A statement issued by the group in Beirut claimed France had pledged to treat the four as political prisoners, to give them a fair trial during which they will have the chance to explain the Armenian cause and to grant them political asylum.

The statement was telephoned to the Associated Press office by an "Orly Organization" spokesman.

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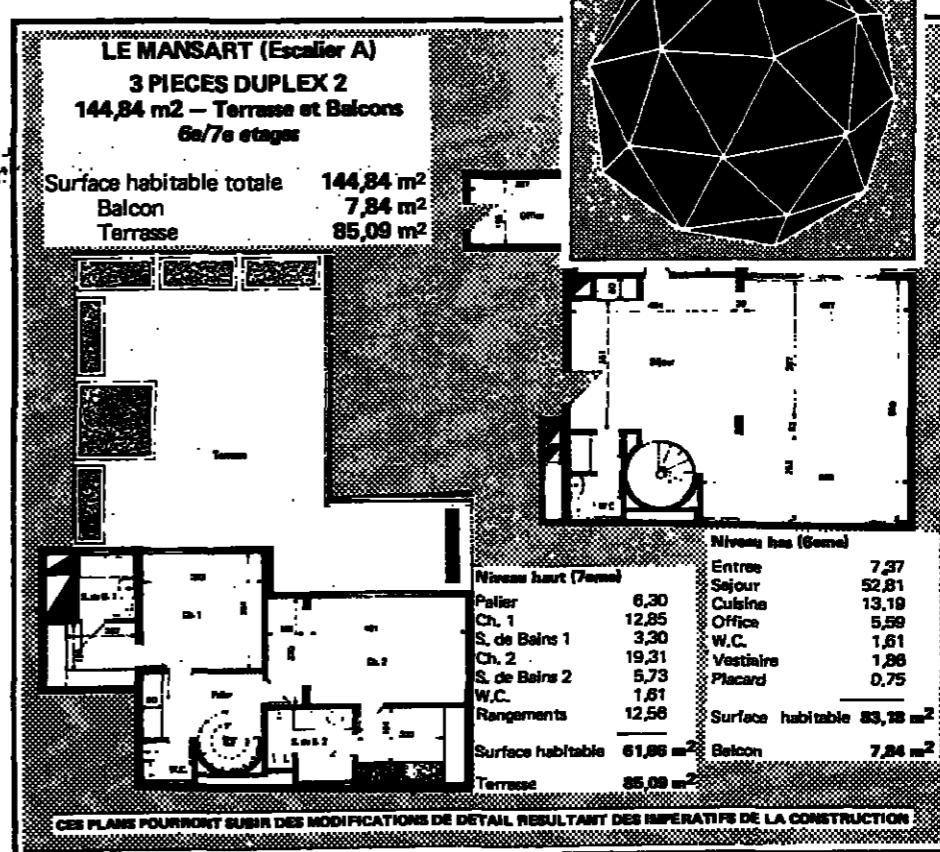
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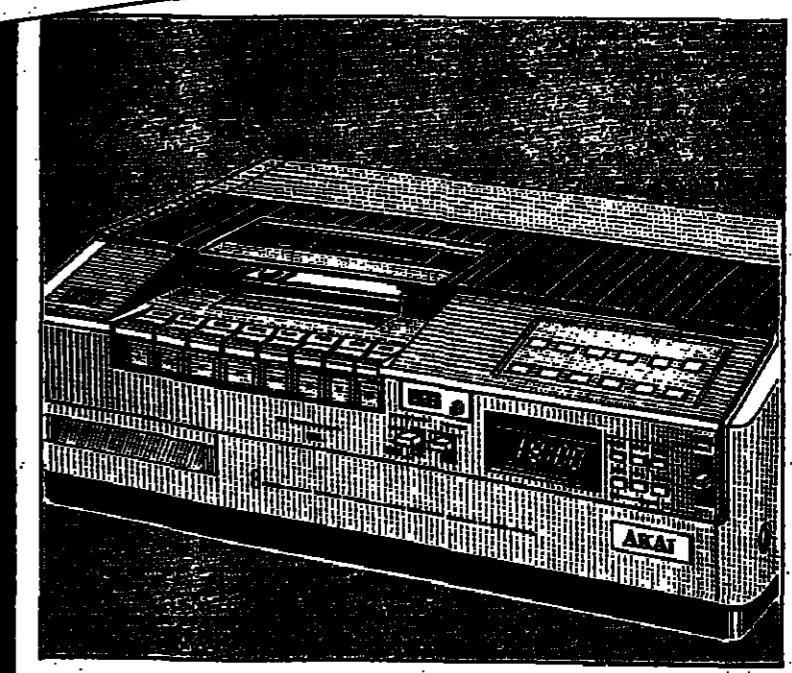
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Begins Italy visit

Mubarak renews call for Palestine autonomy

ROME, Jan. 30 (Agencies) — President Hosni Mubarak Saturday renewed Egypt's demand for Palestinian self-rule as he began his first foreign tour since assuming power last October. "We are struggling to arrive at a declaration of principles which would give the (Israeli-occupied) West Bank of the Jordan River and the Gaza Strip total autonomy," Mubarak said.

"This would be a first step to involve the Palestine people in efforts toward a peace settlement which would allow it to exercise their natural right to self-determination."

Mubarak, who arrived in Rome Saturday for a two-day visit, was speaking at an official banquet given in his honor by his host, Italian President Sandro Pertini. Italy is the initial stop on Mubarak's five-nation tour, his first trip abroad since he succeeded assassinated Egyptian President Anwar Sadat in October.

The Palestine issue will be one of the main topics he will discuss with President Reagan in Washington next week. Foreign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali, accompanying the president, said Friday that it was the crux of the Middle East problem.

Mubarak praised Italy for the support it has given to Egypt's peace policy and its proposals for Israel and the Palestinians to recognize each other. He said that Italy had been in the forefront of nations helping in the search for a peaceful settlement of the Middle East problem.

Italy had a fundamental role in the formulation of the (European Common Market) Venice Declaration which safeguarded the delicate equilibrium among the legitimate interests on all parties.

"It also accepted participation in the formation of the multinational force as a contribution to consolidating the fundamentals of peace," he said.

Italy is among countries offering to send a contingent to an international peace keeping force in the Sinai after the withdrawal of Israeli troops from the area.

Mubarak said Egypt was firmly committed

BRIEFS

UNITED NATIONS. (AFP) — Most of the estimated 515,000 refugees in Sudan come from Ethiopia, but Ugandans are still seeking safety in south Sudan, the United Nations High Commission for Refugees (UNHCR) reported here quoting official Sudanese sources. A UNHCR statement put the number of Ugandan refugees in Sudan at 90,000. Other refugee communities in that country were from Chad (10,000) and Zaire (5,000).

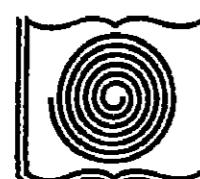
WASHINGTON, (AP) — The U.S. Army announced Friday that a 356-member logistical unit will serve with an international peacekeeping force in the Sinai desert after Israel returns that area to Egypt next April.



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President Numeiri

Numeiri lashes out at Libya, Iraq

Khartoum, Jan. 30 (AP) — Sudanese President Jaafar Numeiri on Saturday accused Libya and Iraq of threatening his country's national unity and territorial integrity, the official Sudan News Agency reported.

Numeiri has made similar accusations before. But his remarks Saturday come in the wake of recent price riots which he has said were planned in unnamed foreign countries.

The president's statement came in an address to a closed session with a newly established popular committee set up to help him reconstruct the country's sole political party the Sudanese Socialist Union (SSU), the agency report said.

"What does (Libyan leader Col. Muammar) Qaddafi want from Sudan? Why does he recruit mercenaries? Why does he spend on agents? Why does he instigate and sabotage inside Sudan?" Numeiri said. He also accused the Iraqi ruling political party, the Baathists, of trying to "propagate Baathist ideology."

Sudan a supporter of Egypt's peace efforts with Israel, has had strained relations with Libya and Iraq for a long time.

In military clashes last fall, Numeiri has also accused the Libyans of trying to exploit Libya over commodity shortages in the western provinces of Sudan.

Because of a \$600 million budget deficit, and a four billion dollar balance of payment problem, Numeiri, at the suggestions of the International Monetary Fund, recently devalued the Sudanese pound leading to subsequent sharp hikes in gasoline and sugar prices.

This triggered riots recently and Numeiri accused the political party's leadership of failing in their duty to counter the troubles. He fired the secretary general of the party, his first vice president, and dismissed the party's central committee, a 300-member body.

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As rival militias agree on ceasefire

Car bomb kills 3 Palestinians in S. Lebanon

BEIRUT, Jan. 30 (Agencies) — Police said Saturday a car bomb exploded near the power plant of Lebanon's southern port city of Sidon overnight, killing all three Palestinian occupants.

A police spokesman, who declined to be named in conformity with government rules, said the blast caused no damage to the power station.

The spokesman said police were unable to determine whether the explosion involved an attempt to blow up the station. But he said the car, which was demolished, was a German-made Volkswagen.

The spokesman said there was no apparent link between the blast in Sidon, provincial capital of southern Lebanon, 40 kms south of Beirut, and armed clashes that claimed 27 lives between militiamen of the Shiite Amal organization and Communist and pro-Iraqi gunmen in U.N. policed areas in southern Lebanon over the last five years.

The shooting took place in the sector of Lebanese territory patrolled by the U.N. Fijian battalion south of the port city of Tyre and the U.N. is now investigating the incident, he added.

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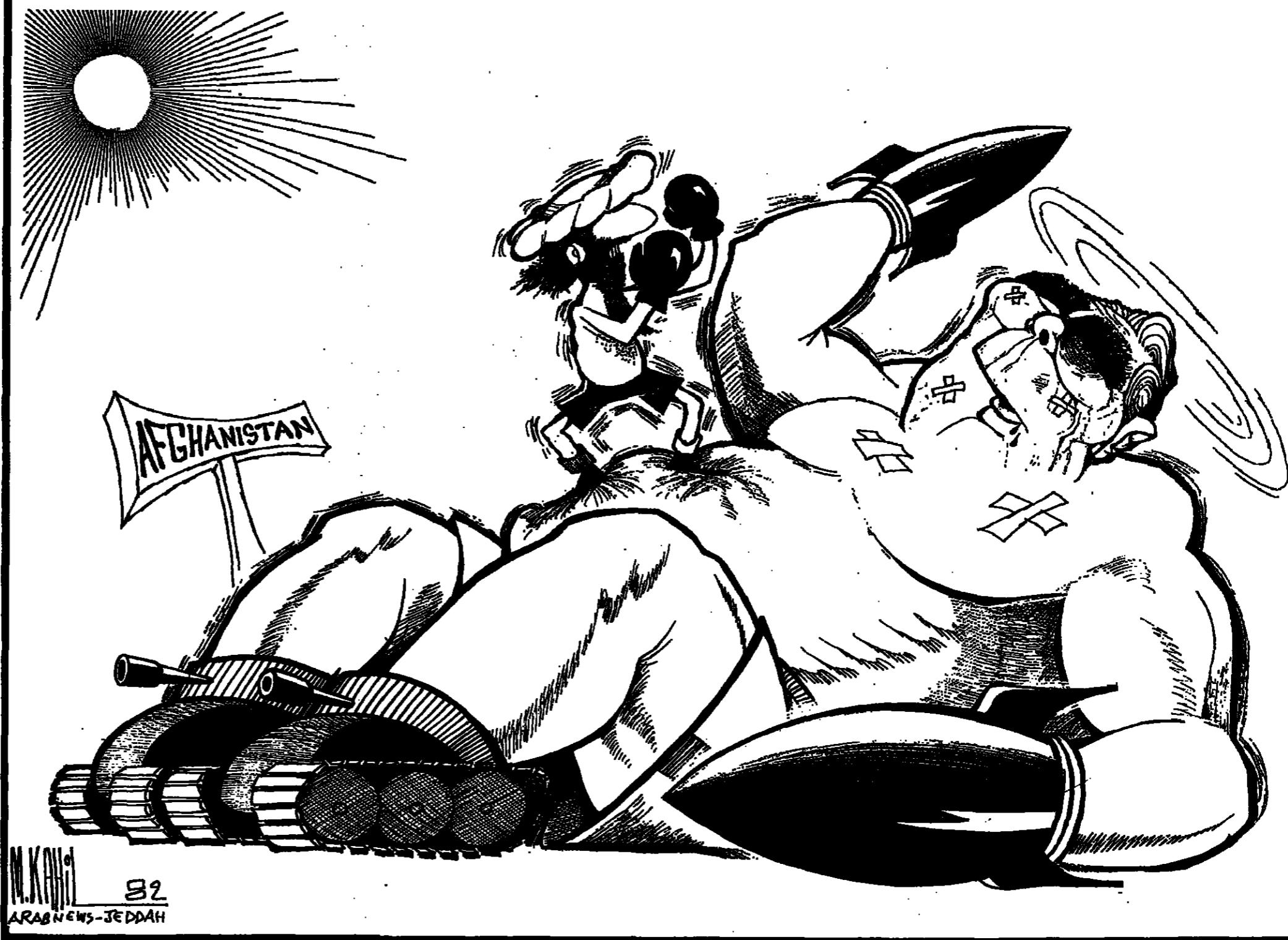
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Freedom fighters hold Soviet and Afghan troops at bay

By Stuart Auerbach

NEW DELHI —

The explosion in a central square of Kabul that signaled the start of the Soviet military takeover of Afghanistan two years ago is still reverberating around the world.

The invasion has tarnished the image of the Red Army, which in its first real military test since the end of World War II remained tied down by nationalist resistance. In a succession of votes in the United Nations, the Nonaligned Movement and the Organization of Islamic Conference, it has punctured the Soviets' carefully cultivated image as a friend of the Third World and some analysts think that by tying down Soviet troops, it serves as a restraint against Soviet military action in Poland.

In two years, the Soviets have failed to gain either political or military control of Afghanistan despite the presence of as many as 110,000 troops in that rugged, Texas-sized nation.

Until recently, most Western diplomatic analysis had placed the Soviet troop strength in Afghanistan at 85,000. Now there is a growing feeling among both Asian and Western intelligence experts here that the Soviets are increasing the number. One source placed it at 110,000 — the number cited about six months ago by a Western diplomat but immediately denied by the Pentagon in what some here saw as a move by the Reagan administration to dampen anti-Soviet feeling before keeping a campaign promise to end the grain embargo.

Washington, which keeps close watch on Soviet troop movements in Afghanistan through satellite surveillance, now says there are at least 90,000. The State Department said recently that "the Soviet occupation forces and their Afghan puppets are today no closer to their objectives of suppressing the resistance and establishing firm control of Afghanistan than they were two years ago."

The statement, describing the Soviet forces as bogged down in their battle against the Afghan nationalists, warned that "there is growing concern" that pressure to produce military results "will lead to an increased use of chemical warfare by the Soviets." It said "evidence of the use of lethal and

casualty-producing chemical agents is mounting," and that the main use has been against freedom fighters bases in caves, "which are otherwise inaccessible to aircraft or helicopter attack."

Meanwhile, the Afghan Army, which Moscow hoped would carry the bulk of the fighting with Soviet air support and under Red Army advisers, continues to shrink. It is now estimated at 30,000 men — one-third its strength at the time of the Soviet invasion — while the Afghan freedom fighters are widely believed to be better armed now than they were two years ago. The Afghan government's draft calls are ineffective, and many of those conscripted appear to drift away with their weapons to join the fighters before they even taste combat.

Soviet Deputy Defense Minister Sergei Sokolov is reported to have been in Kabul this winter to reassess the military situation, in which — resistance groups, although so disunited, control an estimated 80 percent of the countryside.

Western and Asian military analysts report that the even Soviet Army has not done well in its battles against the fighters. Soviet military strategy is reported as static and unable to meet the challenges of a guerrilla war and, with the exception of the Mi-24 helicopter gunship and advanced design, lightweight armored personnel carriers, many of the Soviet weapons are hampered by Afghanistan's mountainous terrain, with its lack of good roads and easy cover for fighters who know the country.

Discipline is said to be dwindling in the Red Army. Diplomats report that Soviets are trading equipment for drugs and soldiers have been seen selling used military shoes and scarce gasoline from army trucks in downtown Kabul.

Estimates on Soviet casualties vary, with the Pentagon placing the two-year toll at about 5,000 killed and 5,000 wounded. While the state-controlled public opinion apparatus in the Soviet Union has kept this toll from becoming a major domestic issue, the political cost in the rest of the world appears high. It remains a serious irritant in U.S.-Soviet relations and gives Moscow a negative image among nonaligned and Islamic nations.

Each year at the United Nations, anti-Soviet

resolutions on Afghanistan pass by greater margins, even though Moscow mounts a peace offensive each time in an apparent attempt to blunt the damage.

The tentacles of the resistance fighters extend even into the Soviet stronghold of the capital city of Kabul, where Soviet soldiers reportedly have been forced to resume 24-hour guard duty in an attempt to stem the fighters' attacks.

Explosions go off day and night in Kabul's public places including, according to Western and Asian diplomatic reports reaching here, one in the former Kabul Intercontinental Hotel during an Afro-Asian Solidarity meeting in November.

The fighters reportedly move so freely in Kabul that a Soviet civilian technical expert was kidnapped from the streets. The fighters operate their own radio station, Radio Free Kabul, which was heard in the Afghan capital for the first time in December. It broadcast 30 minutes of anti-Soviet propaganda and threats against the pro-Moscow Afghans over a transmitter reportedly donated by Western European supporters of the Afghan resistance.

Although there is no question that some weapons, especially the antitank rocket-propelled grenades that have become the latest prestige playing of nationalists' fighters are being supplied by the West, most of the arms used by the fighters are captured from Soviet or Afghan forces or are locally made copies of the ancient Lee Enfield single-shot rifle.

With their enhanced fire power, the fighters appear to be doing well against Afghan and Soviet troops. Twice they all but took over Afghanistan's second largest city, Kandahar, most recently in a two-day fire fight late in November, and they still hold southern enclaves of that battered city. They have successfully defended the strategic Panjshir Valley, just 50 miles north of Kabul, from Afghan-Soviet attacks.

Despite their apparent ability to hold the Soviet and Afghan forces at bay, the nationalists operating in the hills of Afghanistan have failed to achieve unity. It now appears that the rivalries among the dozen or so resistance factions are hampering

efforts to win the support of the Afghan villagers still in the country and are preventing tribal bands from capitalizing on each other's military successes.

Even so, perhaps the greatest surprise since the Soviet invasion has been the tenacity of the resistance fighters, who despite their lack of training and equipment continue against Soviet-installed, game-throwing helicopter gunships and MiG fighters.

While the fighting continues, the Soviet-installed government of Babrak Karmal has failed to win popular backing. Internal feuds between his Paracham faction of the Communist People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan and the opposing Khalq wing have intensified since the Soviet takeover. There are increasing rumors that Moscow is seeking a replacement for Karmal, who might be more successful in uniting the party and building popular support.

Meanwhile, the Soviets have tightened their grip on the Afghan administrative apparatus and the nation's economy. According to a variety of defectors, important decisions are made by Soviet advisers; courts and schools are being switched from a Western European to a Soviet model, and more and more party loyalists are being sent to the Soviet Union for training.

The belief here is that Moscow would like to turn Afghanistan into a Communist state much like Mongolia, completely dominated by the Soviet Union but retaining its independent status to give the Kremlin one more vote in such world bodies as the United Nations and the Nonaligned Movement.

With its isolation from the West, the economy of Afghanistan has become more and more entwined with that of the Soviet Union. Afghan trade with the West has dwindled to almost nothing and has been replaced with commerce with the Soviet bloc at what emigre Afghan economists say are far less advantageous terms.

The greatest loss to Afghanistan, however, may be its people. The State Department estimates 2.5 million have fled the country, most to neighboring Pakistan but many into Iran. That amounts to about a fifth of the Afghan people — the largest refugee community in the world today — and includes most of the country's small number of educated elite. (WP)

TODAY IN HISTORY

Today is Sunday, Jan. 31st, the 31st day of 1982. There are 334 days left in the year.

Highlights in history on this date:

1531 — Roman Emperor Charles V appoints his sister, Mary, as regent of the Netherlands.

1596 — Decrees of Folembay end war of the Catholic League.

1606 — British conspirator Guy Fawkes is executed.

1789 — Civil war begins in Chile.

1917 — Germany announces policy of unrestricted naval warfare in World War I.

1928 — Leon Trotsky is expelled from the Soviet Union.

1943 — German troops surrender at Stalingrad in World War II.

1957 — Trans-Iranian pipeline from Abadan to Tehran is completed.

1958 — First U.S. earth satellite, *Explorer I*, is launched at Cape Canaveral, Florida.

1962 — Foreign ministers of Organization of American States vote to exclude Cuba from participation in the inter-American system.

1974 — Pan American Airways jet plane crashes on American Samoa killing 95 of 101 people aboard.

1979 — China's First Vice Premier Deng Xiaoping says after meetings with U.S. President Jimmy Carter and congressional leaders that Moscow is the world's "main hotbed of war."

1981 — Polish government, after marathon bargaining, reaches agreement on working hours with the independent labor federation, Solidarity.

Thought for today:

Imagination has always had powers that no science can match — Ingrid Bengis U.S. author (1944—).

Korea's long and difficult road to unity

By Edwin Q. White

ceded they expected North Korea to turn them down. Chun reiterated his call for a summit meeting

between the leaders of South and North Korea and laid out a formula that included drafting of a constitution and elections for the entire peninsula.

Pyongyang's rejection came four days later. With it came another call for a confederation covering the North and South along with the North's often repeated demand for a withdrawal of U.S. military forces from South Korea.

Government officials here said there were reasons to believe North Korea would remain negative, but that Chun's statement provided an opportunity to take a "new look at a comprehensive package." They said Seoul is not proposing any specific form of government for the future.

Along with Seoul's official commitment, there is a widespread longing among many South Koreans for an end to the separation, especially for a relationship that would permit travel, the reunion of families, and a lessening of confrontation and the threat of war.

A few disagree, not because they reject the idea

of unification but because they rule out the practicality of it being attained. They point out that generations have grown up in North Korea with no contact with the South or the outside world, and knowing only one Communist leader.

However, a factor that looms with increasing urgency in official Seoul is that of possible major changes in North Korea. Its leader since the country was formed, Kim Il Sung, will be 70 years old in April. There are the recurring rumors about his health. Experts on the North agree generally that definitive moves already have been made to name his son, Kim Jong II, his successor.

While little is known of the younger Kim or what he might follow if he assumes power, some South Koreans view such a succession with serious concern. They consider "junior Kim," as he is often called here, more of an adventurer than his father, who has been in recent years. They express fear that if he seeks to shore up his position in a power struggle in the North, it could bring more extreme policies that could affect any move toward peaceful unification. (AP)

Businessmen and the terrorist threat

By Martin Bailey

for a single executive can exceed \$1 million a year.

Rand's investigation concludes that Western companies have paid hundreds of millions of dollars to release kidnapped executives in Latin America. On one occasion in Argentina the Montenegrinos guerrillas even invested some of their payoffs in the very kind of organizations they operated against. Four years ago the Montenegrinos purchased investments worth up to \$20 million in companies such as the American Bank and Trust Corporation.

But the study also emphasizes "the detrimental effects of terrorism on productivity". In El Salvador, for example, one company interviewed by Rand said that because it was unable to guarantee the safety of American technicians it had to "ship its machinery back to the U.S. for major overhauls."

Risks International, a private U.S. security firm, estimates that the small Central American state of El Salvador suffered 24 percent of the world's terrorist attacks against businesses in 1980. These included 24 assassinations, eight kidnappings and 155 bombings.

Yet Western companies continue to operate in El Salvador because of its cheap labor. A local saying among businessmen is: "If you tell Salvadorans to plant rocks and harvest more rocks they will do it."

Mood could be changing

Indira Gandhi is popular despite her performance

By Tyler Marshall

NEW DELHI, India (LAT) — Mushrooming corruption, declining law and order and growing public disquiet about the government's apparent inability to cope with such problems would have most government leaders in full retreat. But India's Prime Minister Indira Gandhi is an exception.

Despite her government's dearth of accomplishment in the last two years, and a deepening pessimism about the nation's future, Gandhi, at 64, reigns supreme, her power unchallenged, her popularity buoyant.

Although a recent sampling of public opinion in 15 Indian urban centers disclosed that nearly 70 percent of those polled were dissatisfied with conditions in the country, Gandhi's personal popularity remained steady, with 60 percent expressing satisfaction with her performance.

Gandhi's untarnished image reflects her unique appeal among people who believe that her life is somehow intertwined with that of modern India. It also indicates the low standing of her quarrelsome, fragmented opposition, so far incapable of capitalizing on her lack of performance.

"Of all the people, Mrs. Gandhi is the only one who can do what India needs to be done," Bashiruddin Ahmad, director of the Center for Study of Developing Societies in New Delhi said.

Within her Congress (I) Party — The I stands for Indira — her popularity continues at the levels of adulation and sycophancy. Last week a group of state legislators from her party suggested that she be elected "Director of India." But nearing the second anniversary, later this month, of her triumphant return to power, there are signs that this mood may be changing.

For the first time since returning to power, respected voices close to Mrs. Gandhi have begun in recent weeks to raise questions about deteriorating conditions in the country. That criticism falls far short of opposition rhetoric, but it is considered significant because it could affect Gandhi's personal standing.

Perhaps the most damaging of those statements came from an uncle of Mrs. Gandhi, former Ambassador to Washington B.K. Nehru, in a speech last month in Madras on the precipitous decline of public morality. "In one particular state no less than 30 percent of the legislators are involved in criminal cases of one type or another," Nehru said. "The laws which affect the vested interests remain a dead letter."

Recent massacres of untouchables in Uttar Pradesh have shocked the country and embarrassed Gandhi, who campaigned on a promise to restore law and order and improve conditions for members of depressed castes. The killing of 10 untouchables last week in the village of Sadhpur, 250 miles southeast of New Delhi, followed by six weeks the slaughter of 24 untouchables in a village only 20 miles away.

Although the numbers were relatively small — violent deaths are common in India — they became a glaring symbol of government impotence. The Sadhpur incident made a mockery of a much-publicized, month-long crackdown on criminal gangs operating in the state.

Gandhi also has failed to end civil unrest in the northeastern state of Assam, a situation that has simmered since late 1979. Only on the economic front has there been any progress. Inflation, running at more than 20 percent when she came to power, has dropped to around 8 percent, while efforts to improve production in key public industries have shown some success.

Coal production, for example, rose nearly

9 percent after four years of stagnation, and steel production and railway-freight haulage have also improved, according to government figures.

In the private sector, cumbersome licensing procedures have been eased, import restrictions have been lifted and production ceilings have been waived. To underscore the importance of her economic program, Gandhi has called 1982 "the year of productivity."

She has also invoked a tough anti-strike law and ended subsidies on domestically produced oil as part of her effort to get a \$5.7 billion loan from the International Monetary Fund.

The loan would help pay India's \$7 billion annual bill for imported oil and enable the country to begin a major oil-exploration program and a major capital-investment program to resuscitate its sagging industries.

But India must meet IMF conditions that involve some difficult political decisions including a reduction of subsidies on foods, fertilizers and transportation.

Western economists believe that backward social conditions and rampant corruption preclude any significant improvement in India's traditional economic growth rate of 3 percent to 4 percent a year, a level so predictable that some economists refer to it as the "Hindu growth rate."

In the vital power-generating industry, problems generally attributed to poor management by state government electricity boards, ill-disciplined staff and defective equipment have kept output at less than half of capacity and have kept the country desperately short of electricity.

Government statements that India's economy has "turned the corner" are judged as premature at best by independent economists. The Reserve Bank of India said in its recent economic report that "power generation has been below the estimated requirements, availability of transport is still erratic and shortages persist in important inputs like cement and steel."

India's economic difficulties coupled with a sense of political drift and official indifference about the decline in public morality have caused a deepening of pessimism among the country's intellectuals.

Rajni Kothari, a leading political scientist, recently described the government as "a tottering state structure controlled and exploited by parasites of various hues and shades, held together by a negative concept, namely the need to stop further erosion of state power and authority...."

Nihal Singh, editor of the *Indian Express*, said "Mrs. Gandhi presides over a system that has corroded dangerously." Although Gandhi has demonstrated little concern about the decline of India's key democratic institutions since her return to power, she has so far refrained from any authoritarian crackdown of the sort her opponents feared.

In June, 1975, she suspended democracy for 20 months, jailed political foes and imposed press censorship. Now, some observers say, her divided and ineffectual political opponents are so weak that there has been no need for repeating such measures.

The note that Gandhi's attack on the opposition have been stepped up significantly since last month, when three parties began exploring the possibility of uniting. But many believe that the death of Gandhi's younger son and political chief of staff, Sanjay, has shaded that threat considerably.

Those sources say that it was Sanjay who was responsible for the worst of the emergency excesses. He, not his mother, was the real threat to Indian democracy they argue, and with his passing the immediate threat of authoritarianism has disappeared.

Lappe is working on a National Science

Foundation-funded project at the University of California at Berkeley. A spokesman for the state Health Services Department said Lappe was removed as unit chief because of "administrative problems," not because of his criticism of the department's malathion report.

State officials, who did a spot survey of hospital emergency rooms and a telephone survey of 127 residents inside and outside the spraying area, say there is no indication that health complaints increased after the sprayings. But they say they are interested in exploring long-term effects of the pesticide if the legislature will provide the money.

Although the number of reported cases of harm from malathion spraying appears to be relatively small, it indicates that some individuals may react violently to a very small exposure to the chemical.

Ruth Lindsey, 51, a supervisor for Pacific Telephone, said that three days after Medfly project helicopters sprayed over her San Jose home her face had "this terrible tingling, the same as in your arm when it goes asleep." She said her face turned red and swollen and that she suffered headaches and nausea that caused her to miss 47 days of work.

She has filed a \$1 million claim against the state, backed by affidavits from two doctors attributing her symptoms to malathion. More than \$10 million in damage claims have been filed against the state, most charging automobile damage, but many also making health complaints.

Amanda Hawes, 38, a San Jose attorney who has handled many of the claims against the state and is an activist in campaign against spraying, a group formed in the San Francisco peninsula area, said one of her small children developed sudden loss of appetite and vomited after a spraying.

She and her family arranged to stay with friends in an unsprayed area whenever

Stronger, more stable

Due to biological in-growth, false knee will last longer

By Cristine Russell

WASHINGTON (WP) — He can't run, but 29-year-old Floyd Hartley of Baltimore can walk painlessly again following the implantation of two experimental artificial knees designed to last much longer than the prosthetic of the past.

Baltimore developer of the new knee says it is the first to allow the patient's own bone cells to grow into the device itself, producing an unusual union that could be stronger and more stable.

Dr. David Hungerford, who developed and tested the artificial knee with colleagues at Johns Hopkins Medical Institutions and Good Samaritan Hospital, considers the initial success in using this combination approach to be "just the tip of the iceberg."

He predicts more widespread use of the process in other parts of the body, from applications of the process in hip replacements, and the Baltimore team is in the process of developing their own hip device as well.

A paper outlining two years of experience with the knee replacement was presented recently at the annual meeting of the American Academy of Orthopedic Surgeons in New Orleans.

The device, called the "porous coated anatomic total knee," is coated with chrome cobalt beads, providing a surface that encourages the patient's bone cells to grow into the artificial joint. Hartley, a victim of rheumatoid arthritis who underwent surgery twice in 1980, is one of 22 patients — who were followed for an average of 15 months — in whom X-rays documented that this "biological in-growth" actually took place.

In the past the commonly used technique has involved cementing an artificial knee into place, which also loosens over the years and eventually must be replaced. About 40,000 Americans annually undergo surgery to replace knees weakened by accident and disease — mostly from arthritis and, less frequently, football injuries.

Hungerford estimates that more than half would be candidates for the porous, artificial, cementless knee. He believes that, theoretically at least, the cementless knee would "last indefinitely" — at least several times longer than existing prostheses — but cautions that it has not been studied long enough to know just what the span would be.

The metal-and-plastic device is installed by drilling holes in the lower end of the thighbone and the upper portion of the shin bone. The original knee joint is removed, and the artificial knee is attached to the bones with pegs that are fitted into the holes and pressed tightly into place. The false knee is expected to grow stronger as the patient's own bone cells get a grip on the new joint.

"This is particularly important for young people," says Hungerford. "They're more active and put greater stress on their knees. And their longer lifespan means they would have to have a cemented knee replaced more often."

At present the cementless device is available only for experimentation and still awaits final Food and Drug Administration approval. Hungerford said FDA officials attending the meeting were unavailable for comment.

It is also manufactured commercially for conventional use with cement for patients who have lost too much bone or whose bones have become too worn down for the experimental technique.

From the patient's perspective, the new knees work "just beautifully," according to Hartley, who earlier underwent surgery to have artificial hips cemented in place. He says he now gets around easily in his job as a computer aide at the Social Security Administration.

The former athlete, who was afflicted with arthritis the summer after high school as he was contemplating a professional baseball career, can't play sports himself. But he's happy to be able to stand on the sidelines as a volunteer coach.

Discovery finds final London berth

By Stephanie Clark

LONDON — The ship that Captain Scott sailed to the Antarctic has finally come to harbor. The famous exploration vessel *Discovery* is being restored in St. Katharine's Dock, London, and joins the Maritime Trust's National Collection of Historic Ships, open to visitors in the East Dock.

Discovery was built for the National Antarctic Expedition 1901-4 and Robert Falcon Scott, a torpedo lieutenant in the Royal Navy was appointed leader. Scott and his crew of volunteers established their winter quarters on McMurdo Sound, some 2,000 miles south of New Zealand and the ship was frozen in for two years. Scott, Wilson and Shackleton became famous as a result of the expedition. Scott and Wilson died returning from the South Pole in 1912.

Discovery was sold to Hudson's Bay Company on her return, and served as a supply ship for 15 years, but in 1925, she was refitted with scientific laboratories, outboard platforms and winches and was off to the Antarctic again. Her third and final expedition came in 1929, when she was loaned to the British, Australian and New Zealand Antarctic Research Expedition. For many years after that, she was moored on the Thames near Waterloo Bridge.

Two years ago, the Ministry of Defense handed over the ship to the Maritime Trust which, with the National Maritime Museum, undertook to restore and re-rig her. The £4 million program employing a team of riggers and shipwrights, is due to take another three years and when completed, she will be refitted as the *Discovery* of 1925. The lower deck is already open to visitors, and a series of displays show her construction and history.

Her veteran neighbors in the dock include the last remaining wooden West Country topsail schooner, the three-masted *Kathleen and May*. Built in 1900, she sat on a mud berth in Devon, surrounded by the rotting timbers of her sister schooners and ketches in the late 1960s, until in 1971 she became the Maritime Trust's first purchase.

The River Thames spritsail barge *Cambridge* had the distinction of being the last registered vessel trading purely under sail. She was launched in 1906 and traded between London, the east coast, the Channel ports and the Continent, until she was bought by the Trust.

Thames barges have been part of the maritime scene for nearly 200 years. Most of their time was spent sailing down the Thames, but in the later part of the last century, the red-brown sails could be seen anywhere around the coast of the British Isles. Early this century, there were over 2,000 sailing up the Thames estuary, bringing hay for the horses and loading up with manure to take back to the country. Today there are only about 40 Thames barges afloat (some can be seen in St. Katharine's Dock); although there are a number around the creeks and harbors, now being used as houseboats.

The steamed herring drifter *Lydia Eve*; the *Robin* built in 1890, a rare survivor of the steam coasters; the Thames steam tug *Caledonia*; and the Nore light vessel, built in the Isle of Wight in 1931, complete the collection.

The Maritime Trust, a non profit-making registered charity, was founded in 1962 to preserve historic ships and display them to the public. The admission price to the collection goes entirely towards annual maintenance costs.

In the last 10 years, St. Katharine-by-the-Tower, the name given to the riverside acres just east of the Tower of London, has grown into a bustling business and leisure center. London's World Trade Center; the Tower Hotel, with splendid views of the River Thames; luxury service apartments, restaurants and shops make up the complex. Moorings for over 250 private craft are also available. Just beyond Tower Bridge, visitors can also board *H.M.S. Belfast*, the World War II cruiser which is now a naval museum.

St. Katharine's Dock, designed by Scottish engineer Thomas Telford, opened in 1828 and ships from all over the world were able to unload their cargoes right in the heart of London. The docks were badly damaged in World War II and with the introduction of big container ships, St. Katharine's closed as a commercial dock in 1968.

Low-cost biogas plant shown at science expo

mysore (PTI) — "Bhagalakshmi" a new compact low-cost biogas plant developed on the Chinese model by the University of Agricultural Sciences here, is one of the major attractions of the exhibition organized as part of the 69th Indian Science Congress.

The plant, which can be put up at half the cost of the existing biogas plant, is a mixed type with an RCC dome and made of brick, cement and mortar. Its utility extends up to 50 years against the ten-year profile of a drum-type plant.

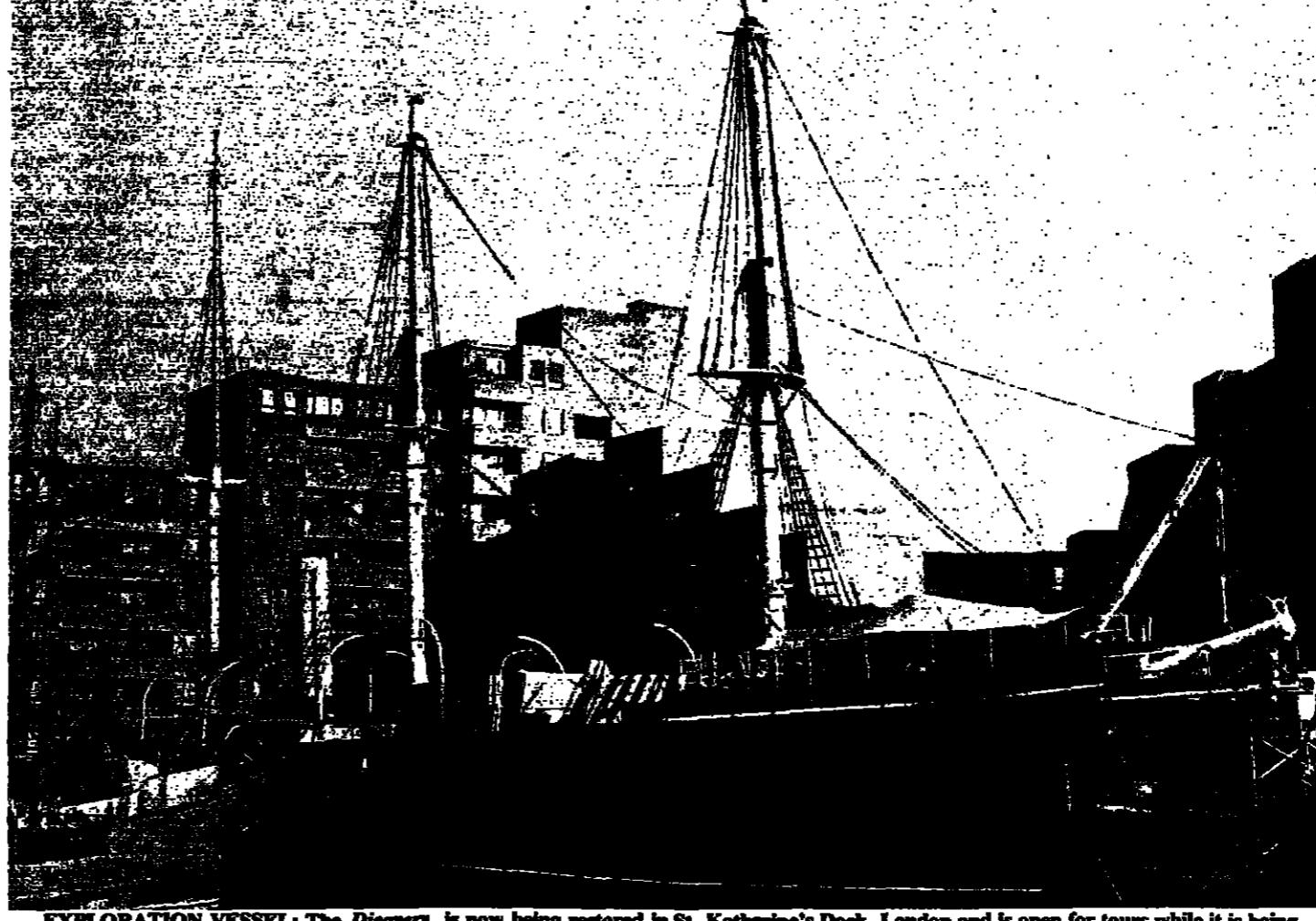
"Bhagalakshmi," says a spokesman of the University, is a permanent structure needing no recurring expenditure.

Yet another attraction at the exhibition is the indigenously developed solar photovoltaic modules that can power simple transistor radios by sophisticated equipment used by scientists, communication engineers, meteorologists and navy personnel.

British coffee morning

JEDDAH — A coffee morning for British community wives is scheduled for Monday, Feb. 1 at 10 a.m. in the ambassador's garden. Children are welcome.

Arab News welcomes readers' contributions, particularly of a local aspect. If interested, please contact Dave Kaiser at 653-4743 or 653-2911, Jeddah.



EXPLORATION VESSEL: The *Discovery* is now being restored in St. Katharine's Dock, London and is open for tours while it is being worked on. The vessel made its first trip to Antarctica in 1901 and is now being refitted in the same condition as it was in 1925.

Scientific cover-up suggested

Ill-effects felt from Medfly spray, suits claim health hazards ignored

By Jay Mathews

LOS ANGELES (LAT) — In the wake of millions of dollars in damage claims and charges of a scientific cover-up, state officials have begun to consider a test of the long-term effects of 160,000 gallons of Mediterranean fruit fly insecticide sprayed over Californians in the last year.

California faces enormous economic losses if the Medfly is not eradicated, and government officials, bolstered by reports from top scientists that malathion does little harm in small doses, have been unusually sensitive to any statements that might create more public protests to use of the pesticide.

Dr. Melvin D. Reuber, a board-certified pathologist whose work helped lead to a federal ban on two other pesticides, said he was forced to resign from a government research laboratory last year after he challenged research that led to a National Cancer Institute conclusion that malathion did not cause cancer.

A letter from Reuber's supervisor said his "ostentatious actions" had a "multimillion-dollar implication" for California's agriculture industry, the state's leading money-maker.

A California state pathologist, Marc Lappe, was removed as head of the hazard evaluation unit of the Health Services Department after he publicly disclosed an internal study that made malathion look riskier than the department had said it was.

Lappe's research unit had initially reported that the spraying posed minimal risk to humans, but he said in a recent interview that the assessment was based on six malathion sprayings, not 15 sprayings that have been carried out in some parts of the San Francisco Bay area.

Lappe is working on a National Science

helicopters sprayed over her neighborhood, "but after doing that 12 weeks in a row it tends to get on your nerves," she said.

Malathion is an organophosphate, chemically related to nerve gas, which kills Medflies by acting on their nervous system.

James Mahoney, special assistant to the director of the state Health Services Department, said the state has invited two Massachusetts researchers, Dr. Frank H. Duffy of the Harvard Medical School and David Culver of Braintree Inc., to study the long-range effects of exposure to the pesticide.

Work by Duffy and James L. Burchfield, based on studies of monkeys and 77 workers accidentally exposed to a similar chemical, shows "long-term change in brain function in both monkey and man," according to their article in the scientific journal *Neurotoxicology*.

Culver's firm employs a new technique, called beam for brain electrical activity mapping, which provides unusually sensitive computer-analyzed electroencephalogram readings.

Duffy said his studies indicate that the change in brain activity caused by exposure to organophosphates can produce unusually sensitive dreaming, altered sex drive, memory loss and irritability.

Duffy said he was preparing a proposal for a controlled study of the spraying effects in the San Francisco Bay area.

But there will be difficulties, Mahoney said. Potential subjects might be distressed to learn that they have some apparent brain disorder, he said, and the beam system has never been used

New Swedish initiative

Disarmament panel opens talks Tuesday

UNITED NATIONS, Jan. 30 (AFP) — The 40-nation United Nations committee on disarmament begins its winter session here Tuesday in a climate of international tension which the developments of the past seven weeks in Poland have done nothing to attenuate.

For almost three years now, the participating states, comprising the five nuclear powers and 35 non-nuclear countries, have been attempting to negotiate a world disarmament agreement on conventional weaponry, a draft comprehensive nuclear test-ban treaty and a convention to prohibit the development, production, stockpiling, and use of both radiological and chemical weapons. Not only have these slow and complex discussions been handicapped by a total absence of trust in East-West dealings but the committee thus year is pushed to have a progress report ready for the special United Nations General Assembly session on disarmament from June 7 to July 9.

If any progress can be expected at all, Western diplomatic sources indicated, it is more likely to be in the negotiations on the convention to ban the production of fissile material for military uses over and above those for nuclear explosive devices.

However, Sweden has moved to include in this a ban on deliberate attacks against civilian nuclear installations following the destruction by Israeli war planes last June of the Iraqi nuclear research center at Tammuz. While some other Western nations are far from supporting the Swedish initiative, any progress in this area will at best be relative. For the proposed convention itself is man-

Chinese officials charged with fraud

PEKING, Jan. 30 (AP) — Officials in Wenzhou, western China, have been accused of involvement in a series of frauds amounting to 11 million yuan (\$6.2 million), among the largest such crimes committed in China since the Communist takeover in 1949.

The New China News Agency said seven persons were arrested, and 15 leading local Communist Party members were given warnings. Four cases of fraud were uncovered last summer, the agency said. The suspects helped market a fake medicine, distribute kitchen knives counterfeiting a famous brand, send throughout China books and school publications filled with errors, and provide illegal economic contracts. NCNA said.

Other people in power, such as treasurers, suppliers and other employees in the city's

economic services also participated in the fraud by supplying sales permits and letters of recommendation.

The party's discipline control commission last week published in 'The People's Daily' newspaper a denunciation of the Wenzhou fraud, and warned other leaders of viewing softer regulations in China as an invitation for profit. The last such fraud was reported last March, when a 4.5-million-yuan (\$2.5-million) gap was found in the accounts of a petrochemical complex in the eastern province of Shandong.

Wang Shouxin, the director of a factory in Heilongjiang, northeastern China, was executed in February 1980 for having embezzled more than 500,000 yuan (\$3 285,000) from the factory.

China fears baby boom

PEKING, Jan. 30 (R) — China's leaders fear a new baby boom in the world's most populous nation where 33 babies are born every minute and 11 persons die.

Vice Premier Gen Mubua said family planning was no longer strictly observed and population growth in this country of one billion people exceeded the target last year. Madame Chen, quoted in the *Hina* daily, said hundreds of millions of people born during a period of uncontrolled growth in the 1960s were now entering marriageable age. "If they are not guided into the orbit of family planning, it will be almost impossible to keep our population within the limit of 1.2 billion at the end of the century," said Madame Chen, director of China's top birth control organization.

Because of a vigorous birth control program, in which couples are often penalized for having more than one child, the growth rate is now less than 1.2 percent. But Madame Chen said population control was still a matter for "much apprehension."

She said China's grain output almost equaled that of the United States in 1980, yet per capita production was very low by world standards. Madame Chen said eugenics, the controversial science of improving the physical and mental health of people through selective breeding, "must not be neglected."

China now has more than one million patients suffering from congenital mental deficiency while the level of education of its population in general ranks as "comparatively low in the world." She said there were 454 college students for every 10,000 Americans. But in China, there were only 14.

She noted that recent agricultural reforms, under which groups of families or individual households have responsibility for meeting production quotas, tended to encourage people to have more babies. China is conducting a nationwide census this year, a massive operation involving American-designed computers and five million interviewers.

Other official statistics published Saturday showed there were over 40 marriages for every one divorce in China. A senior judge said last year the divorce rate was climbing because the courts, unwilling in the past to end marriages, realized they had been too strict.

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Militant gunned down

Renewed Irish feuding feared

BELFAST, Jan. 30 (AP) — Police hinted Saturday at a possible outbreak of feuding among Protestant paramilitaries who they said were keeping "an open mind" on or who killed a top Protestant militant.

A caller to a local radio station claimed guerrillas of the Irish National Liberation Army (INLA), a splinter group of the mainly Roman Catholic Irish Republic Army (IRA), were responsible for gunning down John McKeague, 51, as he served behind the counter of his east Belfast store Friday night.

A press officer at Belfast police headquarters said the caller correctly gave a secret code-word used to identify INLA. But the spokesman, who in accordance with British practice, declined to be named, said that despite the call, "we are keeping an open mind."

The London *Times* said the murder "renewed fears in the province of upheavals

between Protestant paramilitary groups." McKeague, a former chairman of the Shankill Defense Association, was identified by the respected London *Daily Telegraph* as leader of the Red Hand Commandos, one of Northern Ireland's most feared protestant terrorist groups, but this could not be confirmed. The police spokesman said a teenage youth produced a hand gun in the store and shot McKeague twice in the head at point blank range. The gunman fled on foot.

McKeague was a bitter opponent of the IRA and its fight to end British rule in Protestant-dominated Northern Ireland and reunite it with the overwhelming Catholic Irish Republic to the south under Socialist rule. But he was reported to have made enemies on both sides of northern Ireland.

Loyalist supporters said he also was a prominent member of the outlawed Protestant paramilitary group the Ulster Volunteer

Force, but he had denied this. The Shankill Defense Association, of which he was chairman, was a forerunner of the Ulster Defense Association, currently the province's largest Protestant militant grouping.

In 1971, he was one of the first to be charged under the Incitement to Hatred Act after he and two others published a loyalist songbook. His first trial ended in a hung jury, a second in acquittal.

In 1972, McKeague helped organize the Protestant-inspired Ulster workers' council strike, which brought down Northern Ireland's Protestant-Catholic power-sharing executive council. Since then, the province has been ruled directly from London. The Neighborhood Grocery-and-Notions Store where he was slain was the scene of an arson attack in 1971 that claimed the life of his 65-year-old mother, Isabella, who lived in the apartment above.

Amid major Viet sweep

Thailand sends troops to Cambodia border

BANGKOK, Jan. 30 (AFP) — Thailand has sent fresh troops backed up with armored cars to the Cambodian border amid fierce fighting between Vietnamese-led forces and Khmer Rouge men in the extreme west of Cambodia.

Field reports reaching here said the rival forces were battling heavily in the Cardamom mountains for the second consecutive day and some 30,000 Khmer Rouge dependents were massing at a border canal, apparently in readiness to flee into Thailand. The fighting followed discovery by the Thai military of a Vietnamese buildup with troops and hardware being sent to the border area from the northwestern Cambodian province of Battambang.

Thai military sources said Thailand Friday afternoon sent up two F-5A fighters as fighting raged at about 40 kms south of the key Cambodian border town of Poipet, adjacent to Thailand's Aranyaprathet district. Thai villagers in the border village of Tap Prik have round-the-clock patrol units amid reports

that Khmer Rouge dependents are building rafts for a possible clash across the Prometh Canal into Thailand.

The Khmer Rouge, with some 30,000 guerrillas largely based in the Phnom Malai hills in the Cardamom range, were believed to have initiated the current struggle. But Vietnam, with an occupation force of between 150,000 and 200,000 troops in the war-torn state, is expected to launch a major sweep against the guerrillas as the dry season facilitates mobilization of bulky hardware.

The Thai Navy early this week reported a naval buildup near the Cambodian island of Koh Kong in what was seen as a related move.

Meanwhile, the Khmer Rouge leadership Saturday called for the total support of all Cambodians, claiming it was he the country's only anti-Vietnamese resistance force and the only one capable of "protecting the Khmer nation."

The appeal, broadcast on Radio Khmer Rouge and monitored in Bangkok, came

in the wake of the Khmer Rouge refusal to form a "flexible coalition" with the other Cambodian resistance group led by former President Prince Norodom Sihanouk and former Premier Son Sann.

Sihanouk and Sann had both agreed to the coalition with the Khmer Rouge while disassociating themselves from that Organization's "Democratic Kampuchea" regime responsible for the massacre of its political opponents while in power between 1975 and 1979. All nationalist Khmers of all classes must unite in a single national front to fight against the Vietnamese enemy," the radio said.

"The revolutionary forces, under the leadership of the Democratic Kampuchea regime are constantly advancing in all Cambodian provinces," added the broadcast. Vietnam has kept a 200,000-man expeditionary force in Cambodia for the past three years.

In another development, the Vietnamese-backed Cambodian government Saturday accused the United States of "reactivating" tension in the Indian Ocean region. A commentary carried by the state news agency SPK, monitored here, claimed that the United States had "multiplied" military activities from its naval base at Diego Garcia, in the British Indian Ocean territory.

"The commentary described the "Bright Star" exercises last November as a threat to countries in the region, a bid to "deepen" differences and facilitate U.S. "expansionist" ambitions. The commentary noted that U.S. agreements with Somalia, Kenya and Oman had enabled the opening of U.S. military bases in these countries. All these maneuvers were aimed at "denormalizing" the regional situation, troubling peace, and exploiting natural resources, it charged.

China had rejected a unilateral Vietnamese 10-day truce between Jan. 20 and 29, charging that Hanoi's offer was "hypocritical."

The third round of talks should begin in the

Sino-Vietnamese talks urged

HANOI, Jan. 30 (AFP) — The Vietnamese government Saturday called on China for a resumption of the Sino-Vietnamese talks interrupted nearly two years ago and for an end to the armed clashes on the border between the two countries.

A note sent to Peking by the Vietnamese Foreign Ministry suggested that the negotiations, "which were unilaterally interrupted by China in March, 1980, resume as rapidly as possible" in order to "maintain peace and stability on the border and to discuss matters of interest to both countries."

The third round of talks should begin in the

first half of this year, the ministry said. It left the choice of place — Hanoi or Peking — to the Chinese. Earlier Saturday, China's *People's Daily* accused the Vietnamese of "armed provocations" on their common border between Jan. 18 and 28 and listed 14 such incidents in the Guangxi province and 16 in the Yunnan province. The clashes left one Chinese dead and three wounded, the daily said.

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The third round of talks should begin in the

Reagan home sold for \$1.9m

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 30 (R) — President Ronald Reagan's three-bedroom Californian home, on offer for \$1.9 million, has been sold but the estate agents refuse to name the buyer or the price.

The house, with a panoramic view of the Pacific Ocean, two servants' rooms and a film projector concealed in a dining room cupboard, cost the Reagans \$108,000 nearly 25 years ago. He put it up for sale when he became president a year ago. "We are honoring the buyer's request and right to privacy and neither the terms of the sale nor the buyer's name will be disclosed" a spokesman for the estate agents said.

A group of investors agreed earlier this month to pay \$1.9 million for the house but the deal fell through when Justin Dart, a longtime friend of Reagan, was quoted in *The Los Angeles Times* as saying the house was overpriced.

Estate agent John Saunders said he offered to buy the house for \$1.5 million plus \$1.5 million trading stamps which had to be stuck into books before they could be redeemed. Reagan will keep his ranchhouse near Santa Barbara, 145 kms north of here.

BRIEFS

LISBON, (AFP) — United States Secretary of State Alexander Haig will make an official two-day visit to Portugal on Feb. 10, press reports said here Saturday. Haig will meet President Antonio Ramalho Eanes, and has talks with Prime Minister Francisco Pinto Balsemao, and other government leaders. Also expected in Lisbon is North Atlantic Treaty Organization Secretary-General Joseph Luns, on May 25, the reports said.

MOSCOW, (AFP) — The Supreme Soviet of the USSR has canceled the citizenship of two women now living in West Germany on grounds that they went in for "activities hostile to the USSR." It was announced here Saturday in the government gazette. Elena Ullmann, a 35-year-old native of Tashkent, and 35-year-old Ludmila Mussiggman of Moscow, were also judged to have "slandered the dignity of the Soviet citizen" under the denaturalization decree issued by the Supreme Soviet on Jan. 13.

LLAY LLAY, Chile (AFP) — At least 12 persons were killed and 60 injured early Saturday when two buses carried into a 30-meter deep ravine near Llay Llay, 80 kms northeast of Santiago, police said here. But police indicated the accident toll could be higher as both buses were full of passengers bound for the beach when the accident occurred.

DACCA, (AFP) — President Abdul Satar Friday convened the Bangladesh parliament in winter session on Feb. 15, ending a long break which began last July soon after the assassination of the late President Ziaur Rahman. The session will be held at the parliament building opened Friday by the new president.

LOME, Togo, (AP) — Firing lasting more than an hour broke out Thursday at the

Sabotage bid suspected

U.S. families evacuated from Thai drug war site

from Washington.

United States gives about \$2 million a year to Thai narcotics suppression efforts and DEA officials have described Khun Sa, also known as Chang Chee-Fu, their "enemy No. 1." The stocky 48-year-old Chinese is said to control about 70 percent of the narcotics flow from the "golden triangle", a tri-border area linking Thailand, Burma and Laos. His whereabouts remain a mystery though about 200 of his alleged sympathizers have been captured.

That government force took Khun Sa's stronghold at Ban Hin Teak in the northernmost province of Chiang Rai nine days ago. Thai officials say the rebels have lost 82 dead against government casualties of 17 dead and over 40 wounded in the so-called "opium war" whose major battles were fought the first day. Fresh Thai government troops have moved into the fallen stronghold of the so-called Shan United Army (SUA), said to be a force of about 3,000-strong.

The rebels are reported to have called in reinforcements but Thai authorities are bracing for more diversionary strikes rather than a bid to retake their bastion. A 200-strong rebel force Friday overpowered a remote Thai border outpost and stripped defenders of their weapons in a bloodless coup. A day earlier, they set fire to five vehicles.

That Premier Prem Tinsulanonda, who ordered the suppression drive, has maintained that it is an all-Thai effort to save the country's reputation and rid the world of "an international criminal." Thailand is to attend a conference opening in Geneva Tuesday of the United Nations Commission on Narcotics, an annual event that will discuss funds for drug suppression.

Strafed tanker returns to Japan

KOBE, Japan, Jan. 30 (AFP) — Japanese chemical tanker Hegg, which was strafed by Philippine military aircraft off Mindanao Jan. 15, sailed into this southwestern Japanese port Saturday from Pusan, South Korea.

The vessel, now cleared of suspicion of carrying arms for Philippine rebels, is to leave here for a dockyard in Ehime, southwestern Japan, for repairs Sunday after unloading 3,340 tons of Methanol, Kobe port authority said. Meanwhile, the Japanese Foreign Ministry has altered its earlier position that the Japanese tanker was on high seas when it was strafed by Philippine Air Force fighters.

Ministry officials said both the point where the Philippine authorities claimed they ordered the vessel to stop and another point where the ship was fired upon were in fact inside the 12-mile territorial waters of the Philippines.

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Bowing to West's demand

Japan eases non-tariff barriers

TOKYO, Jan. 30 (AFP) — The Japanese government Saturday announced a package of measures to ease and simplify import-testing and other non-tariff trade barriers in a major move toward allowing greater market access to foreign goods.

The wide-ranging package, adopted at a special meeting of top government aides and leaders of the ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) emerged from more than a month of intensive study following complaints by foreign governments that the Japanese market is not sufficiently open to importers.

The United States, the European Economic Community and other Japanese trade partners have presented the Japanese government with 99 specific cases in which they felt their imports into this country are being deterred.

A government spokesman said that Japan will ease or remove 67 of such non-tariff barriers "as swiftly as possible." He also said that further consideration will be made on nine other demands.

The government found 15 others to be "based on misunderstanding" on the part of the foreign governments and decided that the remaining eight will "remain as they are."

The package also called for establishing an "office of trade ombudsman" to handle foreign businessmen's trade grievances, the spokesman added.

Saturday's package followed the government decision last month to cut tariffs on 1,600 items two years ahead of schedule. Prime Minister Zenko Suzuki told reporters that the measures just announced would "prove fairly effective" in easing Japan's economic friction with its trading partners, particularly the United States and the EEC nations.

"I think we've done a fairly good job. No other countries can do this much," said a confident Suzuki. However, minister of International Trade and Industry (MITI) Shintaro Abe was not so confident as the prime minister.

Abe said that he did not think the solution of problems of non-tariff barriers would ease Japan's trade friction. He also said that he would press for continued study of additional steps, including import liberalization for some of the 27 items still subject to "friction," or expansion of quotas for others. Prime Minister Suzuki chimed in saying he would send former MITI Minister Masumi Esaki to the U.S. and Europe on a mission to explain the package.

Wall Street

Silver lining flickers on economic horizon

NEW YORK, Jan. 30 (AP) — Some scattered signs of an improving economic outlook have appeared in recent days, but Wall Street analysts remain highly skeptical about the prospects for a sustained recovery in the United States any time soon.

The U.S. government reported Thursday that the index of leading economic indicators rose 0.6 percent in December. It was the first increase in the index which is designed to function as a kind of economic crystal ball, since last July.

Officials in the Reagan administration said the figure reinforced their hopes for a business upturn beginning in the spring. Malcolm Baldrige, the secretary of commerce, called it "welcome news."

The stock market, which itself is widely regarded as an indicator of the future course of the economy, meanwhile staged its first rally of any consequence in almost two months.

The Dow Jones average of 30 industrials, off almost 30 points in the first three trading weeks of the year, rebounded 26.07 to 871.10. The New York stock exchange composite index rose 2.61 to 69.39, and the American stock exchange market value index gained 9.75 to 295.66. Big Board Volume averaged 55.64 million shares a day, against 46.37 million the week before.

In the eyes of the doubters, there are two

The 67 non-tariff barriers to be eased removed cover a wide range of products, including motor vehicles, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, electrical appliances, farm implements, sporting goods, chemicals and food additives. In fact, the package involves partial revisions of 24 domestic laws and regulations coming under the jurisdiction of nine different government offices.

Specific improvements will take the form of making Japanese standards in line with international ones, accepting foreign testing results, clarifying and quantifying standards and simplifying import testing procedures. For example, U.S.-made aerosol spray cans for cosmetics, whose wall is 0.015 millimeters thinner than the Japanese standard, will now be allowed in. Foreign made metallic baseball bats and tennis balls will now be accepted at official competitions held in Japan.

Government officials said that as to the nine non-tariff barriers, of which further consideration is to be made, conclusions would be reached by the end of March, or the end of this fiscal year. The new office of trade ombudsman, to be created within the economic planning agency, will be headed by a deputy chief cabinet secretary to ensure easy access to the prime minister, they said.

He changed his mind after last year's bumper harvest caused a slump in prices.

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In return, they will become eligible for benefits such as government loans. Block initially opposed having to tell farmers to leave part of their land idle because it contradicted President Reagan's free-market philosophy.

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To bolster growth

IMF chief urges wage freeze

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 (AP) — Wages must be held down so as to increase profits and growth, Jacques de Larosiere, managing director of the International Monetary Fund, told an audience of government and business leaders Saturday.

He said an important reason to restrain wage increases was the rise of oil prices in the late 1970s. De Larosiere pointed to Japan as an example of a country that tailored its wage settlements to what he called "the necessities created by the oil price increases."

His speech, made available in advance at IMF headquarters in Washington, was prepared for delivery at a meeting of the European Management Forum in Davos, Switzerland.

De Larosiere said there was a "virtual explosion" of wages, particularly in Europe.

Kuwait's oil output slumps

KUWAIT, Jan. 30 (AFP) — Kuwait's oil production has dropped to 600,000 barrels a day, its lowest level ever, according to local press reports Saturday quoting a high official at the Kuwait Oil Ministry.

The official, who refused to be identified, blamed "the depressed state of the world oil market" which, he said, was making it difficult for this country "to market all its officially declared target production of 1.5 million barrels a day."

India banks fund ratio termed poor

NEW DELHI, Jan. 30 (AFP) — Foreign banks sharing business with their counterparts in India are gradually getting uneasy over their partners low capital base, the *Financial Express* daily said Saturday.

The issue came up to the fore recently when Japanese shipyards insisted on guarantees by British or American banks in preference to Indian banks. One or two multinational companies had raised similar objections earlier, the *Express* said.

Among the Indian banks, the State Bank of India (SBI) alone has tried to improve the ratio of capital funds and reserves to the liabilities in an appropriate way.

For the state-owned SBI, the crucial ratio now is 2.17 percent. Every year the bank transfers huge amounts, sometimes up to 200 million rupees (\$2 million) to the visible part of its capital structure, the paper said.

For all other Indian banks, the ratio ranges from a bare 0.50 percent to 1.35 percent. In one case it is as poor as 0.22 percent, the paper said, without naming the bank.

SAUDI ARABIAN GOVERNMENT TENDER

Authority	Description	Advertisers No.	Tender Price (SR.)	Closing Date
Municipal and Rural Affairs Ministry	Backfilling of swamps in Jizan and establishment of facilities for pumping sea water	89	300	20-2-82
" " "	Temporary surfacing in Sharoura and related villages	90	500	22-2-82
" " "	Asphalting and lighting of Al-Mukhayyam street in Sharoura	91	500	" "

JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT SHIPS MOVEMENT UP TO 0700 HOURS ON 5TH RABI THANI 1402/30TH JANUARY 1982

Berth	Name of Vessel	Agent	Type of Cargo	Arr.
1A	Jolly Oro	Abdullah S.C.S.A.	Contri/Tris/Truck	28-01-82
3	Safina-e-Rehmat	Bag Durra	28-01-82	
4	Rio De Janeiro	Bundles Timber	29-01-82	
7	Barakatullah	O.C.E.	Tim/Tiles Gen.	27-01-82
8	Primorje	Attar	Reefer/Rice/Gen.	28-01-82
11	Saudi Ambassador	M.E.S.A.	Contra/Stl/Ldg. Mts	28-01-82
12	Anangel Prosperity	Gulf	Containers	29-01-82
16	San Pedro	Rezayat	Bulk Cement	29-01-82
18	Odyssesus	Roleco	Bagged Barley	28-01-82
19	Pierre L.D.	Alsaibah	Cement/Glucose	27-01-82
20	Aegis-Pride	S.C.S.A.	Poles/Tiles	28-01-82
21	Saudi Eagle	M.E.S.A.	Bananas	29-01-82
22	Alrana	Algosaibi	C. Food/Stl/Cem/Gen.	01-01-82
24	Bora Universal	Star	Star	26-01-82
24	Vincenzia	Alireza	Star	26-01-82
25	Caribbean universal	Caribbean universal	Contr/Stl/Pipes/General	27-01-82
26	M. Kalinowski	Attar	Tobacco/Seeds/Spices	29-01-82
27	Jesenice	Attar	Reefer	27-01-82
31	Syras	M.T.A.	Containers	29-01-82
35	Greenforever	Algosaibi	Timber/Plywood	28-01-82
38	Haj Anwer	El Hawi	Containers/Ldg. Mts	29-01-82
36	Al Shamiah	Kano	Bagged Durra	28-01-82
39	Rima	Abushal	Reinforce Bars	28-01-82
41	Spiliada	Algosaibi		

KING ABDUL AZIZ DAMMAM SHIPS MOVEMENT UPTO 0700 HOURS OF CHANGES OF THE PAST 24 HOURS:

BrNo.	Name of the Ship	Agent	Type of Cargo	Arr.Dtd.
1	Yubis	SEA	Bagged Rice	23-1-82
3	Yungfon Lu	Gosaibi	Gen./Con.	27-1-82
6	Kasuga Maru	Gulf	General	28-01-82
13	Atlas Premier	Gulf	General	25-1-82
15	Ibn Al Athir	Kanoo	General	27-1-82
17	Maritime Vector	Alirezza	Steel Pipes	06-1-82
18	Meghna	Orni	General	29-1-82
20	No. 1 Hay Duck	Sobokshi	General	23-1-82
27	Barber Taif	Barber	Conts/Gen	29-1-82
29	Robin Hood	UEP	Barley/Gen	26-1-82
32	Ibn Shuhaid	Kanoo	General	24-1-82
36	Peara Flag	SMC	Cement Silo Vsl	21-1-82
37	Asia Lark (D.B.)	Barber	Bulk Cement	27-1-82
38	Ocean Farm (d.b.)	Globe	Bulk Cement	14-1-82

2 — RECENT ARRIVAL

	Name of the Ship	Agent	Type of Cargo	Arr.Dtd.
	Moscenice	Kanoo	Containers	29-1-82
	Asia Rindo	Gosaibi	Steel Product	29-1-82
	Mou n Sabana	AET	Containers	28-1-82

between 1969 and 1975. He did not mention the United States, where in recent years real wages — wages minus inflation — have been going down.

"The restoration of adequate profit mar-

— to provide the incentive and the

resources for growth — clearly requires that real wage increases be kept below production gains for some time to come," he said.

He attacked the practice of linking wage increases to price increases, which he called "a many-headed evil." He asked "how can corrective adjustments be made in the prices charged by public enterprises or utilities — or how can higher oil import prices be passed through — if they only trigger a further round of wage increases?"

De Larosiere recalled that at the time of the first "oil shock" in 1974, Japan tried to let

wages rise anyhow — adding to the inflationary effect.

"The lesson was not forgotten," he said. "The present consensus involves a willingness to share the adverse real income effect, arising out of the oil price increase, so as to allow an adequate level of profit. This, in turn, has allowed industry to finance the investment needed to adapt to the new energy environment."

De Larosiere also criticized the expansion of welfare and of social securities taxes, and of high rates of tax on the top layer of earnings. High tax rates, he said, have weakened incentives to work and discouraged saving.

He attacked protectionism and said main-

taining an open international trading system would bring higher real incomes to both industrial and developing countries.

TOKYO, Jan. 30 (R) — Japan's car makers say they plan produce even more vehicles this year, despite a slump gripping their American and West European rivals.

Production plans announced so far all 11 Japanese manufacturers show their combined output will rise to record 11.69 million vehicles this year from 11.18 million in 1981.

Projected exports of completed vehicles this year will rise only one percent to 6.11 million after a 1.3 percent increase last year due to continued voluntary curbs on Japanese car exports to the U.S. and Western Europe, according to their plans.

But the Japanese plan to increase exports of vehicles in kit form for local assembly by 25 percent to 689,000 this year, they said. Their 1982 domestic sales will rise 8.9 percent to \$5.8 million after a 2.2 percent 1981 increases, as Japanese manufacturers will make a major effort in domestic sales.

But the Japanese plan to increase exports of vehicles in kit form for local assembly by 25 percent to 689,000 this year, they said. Their 1982 domestic sales will rise 8.9 percent to \$5.8 million after a 2.2 percent 1981 increases, as Japanese manufacturers will make a major effort in domestic sales.

PARIS, Jan. 30 (R) — Militant French farmers, preparing for the annual battle over West European farm prices, have issued thinly-veiled threats that a war of words could soon flare into a more active protest.

Over the past 20 years, the farmers have fought pitched battles with police, pelted ministers with rotten fruit, dumped heaps of manure outside government offices and strewn broken glass on the roads.

This has coincided with the European Economic Community (EEC)'s ministerial talks for the fixing of guaranteed prices for its six million farmers.

The French, with a deep-rooted tradition of small farms, have powerful farming lobby which the politicians cannot ignore. This year their anger and frustration is heightened by a dispute with France's new Socialist government and its first woman agriculture minister, Edith Cresson.

Efigies of Mrs. Cresson, the most prominent woman minister in the cabinet, have been burned and protesting farmers dressed up a Normandy cow and paraded it around the courtyard of the agriculture ministry.

Farmers' leader Francois Guillaume has accused Mrs. Cresson of indecision and laziness and she has been jeered by angry farmers during tours of the provinces.

Guillaume told reporters that is National Federation of Farmers (FNSEA), the most powerful French farm lobby group, would organize large scale demonstrations if the EEC negotiations were not successful.

France is heavily dependent on imported

Malaysia plans to form tin group

KUALA LUMPUR, Jan. 30 (AP) — Malaysia has initiated a move for tin producing countries of the world to form a group to protect their interests. Deputy Prime Minister Musa Hitam said Saturday.

The minister did not call such a group a cartel and observers said that any such group could have only limited effect because unlike oil there are easy substitutes for tin available in the world. They also pointed out that the United States alone had some 27,000 tons of tin in its stockpile and this alone mounted to more than three years of the entire production of Malaysia, which is the largest tin producer in the world, with about 40 percent of the total output.

The other major tin producers are Indonesia, Thailand and Bolivia and all have been highly critical of the United States selling tin from its stockpile in the international market since December. They claim such sales were depressing prices.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 30 (R) — A Dutch official who has already angered many companies by taking a tough line against illegal commercial practices in the European Economic Community (EEC) says he is stepping up his campaign.

In the first year since EEC competition commissioner Frans Andriessen was appointed, record fines totaling some \$5.5 million have been imposed on companies flouting EEC rules.

While some of the companies involved say they are taking their cases to the European Court of Justice, an unrepentant Andriessen says he is going to pursue the campaign with increasing severity.

"We are determined to show that the commission is not a paper tiger and that it will systematically impose fines where competition rules are infringed," he told Reuters.

EEC treaties stipulate that any actions by EEC companies that appear to distort fair competition, such as price fixing or abuse of a dominant market position, may be subject to fines by the commission.

Michelin denied the charge and has said it will take the matter to court. Moet-Hennessy was fined because its British subsidiary, Moet & Chandon (London), was issuing contracts banning the sale of its product outside Britain. The commission said this constituted a barrier to the free movement of goods in the EEC.

Swedish camera manufacturer Victor Hasselblad was fined about \$600,000 for operating a sales network in the EEC involving similar export prohibitions.

The commission said the company, and its EEC distributors, had operated a system which effectively hindered its products within member states. This was not the first fine imposed on a company from outside the community selling within the EEC, though such action has been rare in the past.

Andriessen said Michelin's abuse of rebates, combined with a dominant market position, and the export bans used by the other companies exemplified the sort of

Japan to hike production of vehicles

Financial Roundup

Dollar, riyal rates surge

By J.H. Hammond

JEDDAH, Jan. 30 — The American dollar closed on a strong note in New York Friday night. This was precipitated by the release of the U.S. money supply figures which showed a much smaller than anticipated fall of \$600 million for the past reporting week. The effects were immediate in an already nervous money market.

Eurodollar interest rates rose by between 1/4 to 1/2 percent in most tenors, with largest rises coming in the long periods. Federal Reserve "Fed Funds" rates also rose to close at 14 1/4-14 1/2 percent compared with 13 1/4 percent earlier Tuesday.

In the local markets, spot riyal/dollar exchange rates opened at 3.4195-05 levels, but gradually firms by the close of the trading session to reach 3.4200-10. Interbank dealing was restricted to a few deals but commercially demand for the dollar was reported to have been brisk. In the money markets, Saturday saw a small rise in riyal deposit levels, reversing Wednesday's declines and trading was more active, especially in short-dated funds. Week-fixed is now quoted at 13 1/4-14 percent up over Thursday's 12 1/2-13 1/4 percent.

In the Eurodollar markets, it was American interest rates that once again dominated the scene. Dollar interest rates had been under pressure on both Wednesday and Thursday after the chairman of the Federal

Reserve Board had indicated that a tough stance would be taken against any further increases in dollar interest rates. This was undermined

Keegan's goal puts Southampton on top

Struggling Notts take Ipswich by surprise

LONDON, Jan. 30 (R) — Kevin Keegan expected to lead England in the World Cup finals in Spain, Saturday sent Southampton soaring to the top of the English Soccer League for the first time in their 97-year history.

Keegan's eighth-minute goal gave Southampton a 1-0 victory at Middlesbrough and catapulted them ahead of Manchester United, the overnight leaders, lost 2-0 at Swanssea but the day's major upset took place at Ipswich where struggling Notts County scored a 3-1 win over the league's most consistent side.

Fourth-placed Manchester City scored four goals in the first 36 minutes but beat Birmingham only 4-2 while European champions Liverpool reassured its claim to the league title by burying champions Aston Villa 3-0.

Sixth is the highest Southampton have finished in the league, but Saturday's win will convince them they can improve on that this season. Keegan, the man England will be looking up to in Spain, was given his goal-scoring chance by Alan Ball, a hero of England's 1966 World Cup triumph.

Middlesbrough should have equalized when they were awarded a 64th-minute penalty but Scot Bobby Thomson sliced his kick 15-meters off target. Southampton now have 40 points from 22 games compared with Manchester United's 39 from 22 and Ipswich's 38 from 19.

United's defense, the meanest in the First Division having conceded only 16 league goals before Saturday, surprisingly caved in straight after the interval when Alan Curtis and Robbie James scored in the space of two minutes.

The collapse of the Ipswich defence was even less predictable. Gordon Mair shot Notts County into a first-half lead and although Franz Thijssen equalized for Ips-

wich, goals by Brian Kilkline and Paul Hooks sealed the visitors' victory. The result ended a nine-game winning streak by Ipswich.

England strikers Trevor Francis and Kevin Reeves each scored twice as Manchester City opened at a gallop against Birmingham. Frank Worthington pulled two back in the 39th and 41st minutes but then the goals dried up and the score remained unchanged.

Liverpool's steady progress from the unaccustomed depths of the First Division — they were 18th at one stage — showed no sign of fading. Ian Rush and two-goal Terry McDermott were the scorers who sunk Aston Villa.

Everton and Tottenham, battling to keep in touch with the leaders, drew 1-1. Everton led from the 10th minute when Scottish striker Graeme Sharp rifled home a volley and it was not until the 77th minute that Tottenham equalized.

Arsenal continue to make heavy weather of scoring goals at home but the one Paul Haeseler got was enough to give them a 1-0 win over Leeds. It was only the sixth goal Arsenal have scored in nine league games at their Highbury ground.

Middlesbrough's defeat by Southampton left them pinned to the foot of the First Division. Sunderland stayed one place above

them despite a 1-0 away over win Wolverhampton, who are also struggling to fend off relegation.

Luton stretched their lead at the top of the Second Division to six points by beating Leicester 2-1 while second-placed Oldham were held 1-1 at home by Bolton. Watford stayed in third place, beating Rotherham 2-1 after conceding an early goal.

Celtic surged four points clear in the Scottish Premier League with an emphatic 3-1 win at Aberdeen. For the second week running, Aberdeen made a flying start with a first-minute goal although this time they could not improve on the 9.6 seconds it took them to go ahead last Saturday. John Hewitt, the scorer of that lightning goal, laid on Saturday's opener for John Master.

Celtic came back into the match when Doug Rougvie brought down Frank McGarvey after 26 minutes and George McCluskey converted the penalty.

A long-range drive from Murdo McLeod, deflected by Gordon Strachan, put Celtic into a 77th-minute lead. McGarvey, a Liverpool reject, added a third shortly afterwards.

Rangers lost ground in the championship race by drawing 1-1 with Hibernia. Derek Johnstone gave them a first-half lead but Bobby Flavell netted a fine equalizer 10 minutes into the second half.

First Division Hearts were in a generous mood. They allowed free admission to the unemployed and 1,100 fans took advantage. They also allowed the Motherwell attack too much space and lost 3-0.

Meanwhile, Chairman of Scottish Football League clubs will consider a proposal for a midwinter shut-down at a meeting in Dunblane on Sunday. The suggestion tops a 14-point agenda drawn up by the Scottish League Management Committee for the 32 chairmen to consider.

English Soccer results			
English Division One			
Arsenal	0	Brentford	0
Aston Villa	1	Leeds	0
Coventry	0	Liverpool	3
Everton	1	Brighton	0
Ipswich	1	Sheffield Wednesday	3
Manchester City	4	Birmingham	2
Middlesbrough	0	Southampton	1
Nottingham Forest	0	Stoke	0
Swanssea	2	Manchester United	0
West Ham	3	West Bromwich	0
Wolverhampton	0	Sunderland	0
Division Two			
Barnsley	0	Cambridge	0
Blackburn	1	Cardiff	0
Chelsea	3	Shrewsbury	0
Crystal Palace	0	O.P. Rangers	1
Derby	3	Sheffield Wednesday	1
Grimsby	1	Leicester	1
Luton	2	Newcastle	2
Newcastle	2	Norwich	1
Oldham	1	Bolton	1
Rotherham	1	Watford	2
Wrexham	0	Orient	1
Division Three			
Bristol Rovers	1	Reading	0
Carlisle	1	Lincoln	0
Fleetwood	1	Chesterfield	0
Gillingham	0	Preston	1
Huddersfield	1	Bury	1
Millwall	2	Chester	1
Newport	1	Chester	1
Newport	1	Bristol City	1
Division Four			
Clydebank	2	East Stirlingshire	1
Falkirk	0	Queens Park	0
Hamilton	0	St. Johnstone	0
Hearts	0	Motherwell	3
Kilmarnock	0	Dumbarton	0
Queen of South	2	Raith	3
Scottish Cup (3rd round)			
Allots	2	Ayr	1
Brechin	2	Dundee United	4
Clyde	2	Meadowbank	2
(2nd round)			
Albion Rovers	2	Angus	1
Cowdenbeath	1	Forres Caledonian	1
Premier Division			
Aberdeen	1	Celtic	3
Dundee	0	St. Mirren	2
Morton	0	Patrick	0
Rangers	1	Hibernian	1
Division One			
Clydebank	2	East Stirlingshire	1
Falkirk	0	Queens Park	0
Hamilton	0	St. Johnstone	0
Hearts	0	Motherwell	3
Kilmarnock	0	Dumbarton	0
Queen of South	2	Raith	3

When East meets West in Sunday's showdown

It will be a dream combination v. top scorers

EAST RUTHERFORD, New Jersey, Jan. 30 (AP) — The East team for the National Basketball Association All-Star game Sunday has a dream forward combination in Julius Erving and Larry Bird, but the West boasts most of the statistical leaders.

Six of the top seven scorers in the NBA are on the West squad, coached by Pat Riley of the Los Angeles Lakers, and the West also has the top two rebounders.

The All-Star game, which annually showcases the league's stars for a national television audience, also will spotlight a brand new building, the Byrne Meadowlands arena, which opened last fall.

Erving, the dunk specialist for the Philadelphia 76ers was the leading vote-getter in fan balloting this year with a record 432,230. He is the fifth-leading scorer in the league with a 24.9 per-game average. Bird,

Others chosen by West coaches as substitutes are swingman "magic" Johnson of Los Angeles, guards Dennis Johnson of Phoenix

and Norm Nixon of Los Angeles and forward Bernard King of Golden State.

Joining Bird and Erving in the starting lineup for the East, coached by Bill Fitch of Boston, are center Artis Gilmore of Chicago and guards Isiah Thomas of Detroit and Nate Archibald of Boston. Thomas is the only rookie starter in the game, although toward Buck Williams of the host New Jersey Nets was chosen as a substitute. Williams is the NBA's third-leading rebounder, followed by Bird.

Other East subs are centers Robert Parish of Boston and Milwaukee's Bob Lanier, forwards Bobby Jones of Philadelphia and Kelly Tripucka of Detroit and guards Sidney Moncrief of Milwaukee and Michael Ray Richardson of New York. The East leads the series 20-11 and now last year's game 123-120, with Archibald winning the most valuable players award.

As Windies bowlers strike hard

Chappell, Border rally battered Aussies

ADELAIDE, Jan. 30 (AP) — Australia is battered but unbowed after a middle order fightback on the first day of the third Test against the West Indies at Adelaide Oval.

Before a crowd of more than 30,000 people in fine weather, the Australians led by captain Greg Chappell fought back from the seemingly hopeless position of 17 for four wickets at one stage. At stumps Australia was 204 for six wickets but the fightback cost the home side dearly.

South Australia's David Hookes and Rick Darling have been recalled to the squad in case injuries to captain Greg Chappell and vice captain Kim Hughes prevent them fielding.

Clive Lloyd sent the Australians into bat after winning the toss. The decision paid early dividends and the Australians were reeling at eight for three wickets. Bruce Laird was the first to go trying to glance the ball of the bowling of Roberts, caught behind by Dujon for two.

Greg Wood was next out trying to cut Roberts to point with the ball traveling to Garner in the slips for five runs. The attempted glance gained its next victims when John Dyson tried to turn Holding to fine leg and was caught behind by Dujon for one.

Coming in at No. 5 Chappell joined Hughes at the crease with the Australians eight for three wickets and for a short while the pair seemed to have the Windies measure. But in Holding's sixth over Hughes was hit on the instep of the right foot and fell to

the pitch in agony. Hughes was soon out, hushing at Holding.

Allan Border joined Chappell with the score at 17 for four wickets and the two proceeded to slowly restore some backbone to the Australian innings, despite a concerted effort by the West Indian pacemen to remove

Greg Chappell crosses 6,000

ADELAIDE, Jan. 30 (AP) — Australian captain Greg Chappell killed two birds with one stone, figuratively speaking, Saturday. His gritty 61 was a telling answer to his growing critics and also in the process crossed the 6,000 runs mark in Tests.

Coming in at time with his side precariously placed, with a string of low scores behind him, Chappell hit a timely knock which was greeted, both by the capacity crowd and the Windies, with an extended period of applause.

He became the third Australian to pass the 6,000 mark after Sir Donald Bradman and Neil Harvey. His effort Saturday was all the more appreciated for he emerged a battered hero. With Clive Lloyd's pace battery going all out on a responsive Adelaide pitch, Chappell was one of the three batsmen to receive knocks on his body. He played with a bruised hand, clubbed by more than one fast ball.

Clive Lloyd sent the Australians into bat after winning the toss. In the second session of play, tight bowling by Doshi and Dev dulled the run rate. Only 59 runs were scored in two hours. Fletcher square-cut Dev to the boundary and then in the next delivery was clean bowled by Holding on the fifth ball of his 27th over for eight runs.

Border continued his good form with a crucial 50 in 217 minutes aided by Rod Marsh who wasted no time putting runs on the board in 30th Test appearance for Australia, surpassing the previous record by Neil Harvey.

It fact Marsh kept Border waiting for his 50 by monopolizing the strike for four overs in which he hit 35 runs. The West Indian pace attack which had already claimed Hughes and Chappell struck again in the 69th over when a fast rising ball from Croft caught Marsh near left eye, lifting his helmet from his head and sending him to the ground. The injury came shortly after Marsh and Border hit their 50 partnership in 52 minutes mainly due to Marsh's aggression and the keeper retired hurt at the end of the next over. Dyson may don the pads if Marsh is found unfit, and Thomson will lead the side if Chappell, Hughes and Marsh fail to take the field.

Yardley opened his innings with a boundary and he and Border, who top scored with 78, put on 21 runs before Yardley was clean bowled by Croft on the fifth ball of his 27th over for eight runs.

Border and Chappell then added 111 to reach 219 for the West Indies.

All rounder Ian Botham, who came at Fletcher's call, lived dangerously, surviving an easy catch and a stumping chance. India muffed another catch later, allowing England to jump back into a strong position. Botham played more confidently and permitted Gower to do most of the scoring. At stumps Gower was unbeaten with 75, while Botham was on 31.

Graham Gooch and Chris Tavaré opened England's first innings on an aggressive note, punishing Indian medium pacers Kapil Dev and Madanlal severely. Gooch dominated the morning session of play and delighted the 25,000 spectators with elegant shots on both sides of the wicket. The 82-run first-wicket stand ended when Tavaré was clean bowled by left-arm spinner Dilip Doshi while attempting a big shot.

Seven runs later, Gooch tried to hit an ideal

catch but was bowled by Doshi's arm. The 28-year-old Essex opener's 58 runs came off only 67 balls and was studded with eight fours.

At lunch, the English cricketers were 94 for two. In the second session of play, tight bowling by Doshi and Dev dulled the run rate. Only 59 runs were scored in two hours. Fletcher square-cut Dev to the boundary and then in the next delivery was clean bowled by a short inswinger.

All rounder Ian Botham, who came at Fletcher's call, lived dangerously, surviving an easy catch and a stumping chance. India muffed another catch later, allowing England to jump back into a strong position. Botham played more confidently and permitted Gower to do most of the scoring. At stumps Gower was unbeaten with 75, while Botham was on 31.

Earlier Saturday, England made one change in the team that played the last Test at Madras with off-spinner John Emburey taking the place of fast bowler Paul Allott. India retained the same 11 cricketers who played at Madras.

At lunch, Gooch and Tavaré added 111 to reach 219 for the West Indies.

Score-board:

England (1st innings):	58
G. Chappell b Doshi	24
C. Tavaré b Doshi	24
C. Fletcher b Dev	14
D. Gower bating	73
I. Botham bating	31
Extras:	11
Total (for 3 wkt.)	213
Fall of wickets: 1-32, 2-39, 3-121.	
Bowling: Dev 21-3-83-1; Madanlal 11-2-44-0;	
Doshi 21-6-51-2; Tavaré 12-2-34-0.	

Graham Gooch... breezy 58

Score-board:

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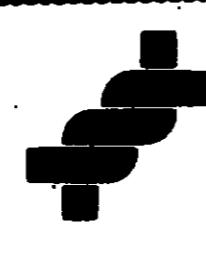
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Hapag-Lloyd AG Agent: Haji Abdulrahman Alireza & Co. P.O. Box: 8, Damman, Tel: 8324124.

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Jeddah - Saudi Arabia

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GREEN FORTUNE	103-17W 31.01.1982
EVER LUCKY	96-09E 01.02.1982
YE LAN	101-04E 04.02.1982
EVER LARGE	100-08W 07.02.1982
GREEN FORWARD	104-15W 08.02.1982
EVER LIGHT	98-11E 19.02.1982
GREEN FORTUNE	103-17E 23.02.1982
EVER LOYAL	102-13W 26.02.1982

VESSELS RECENTLY SAILED:
EVER LIGHT 98-11W Sailed on 21.01.1982

EVER HANDSOME 107-12W Sailed on 24.01.1982

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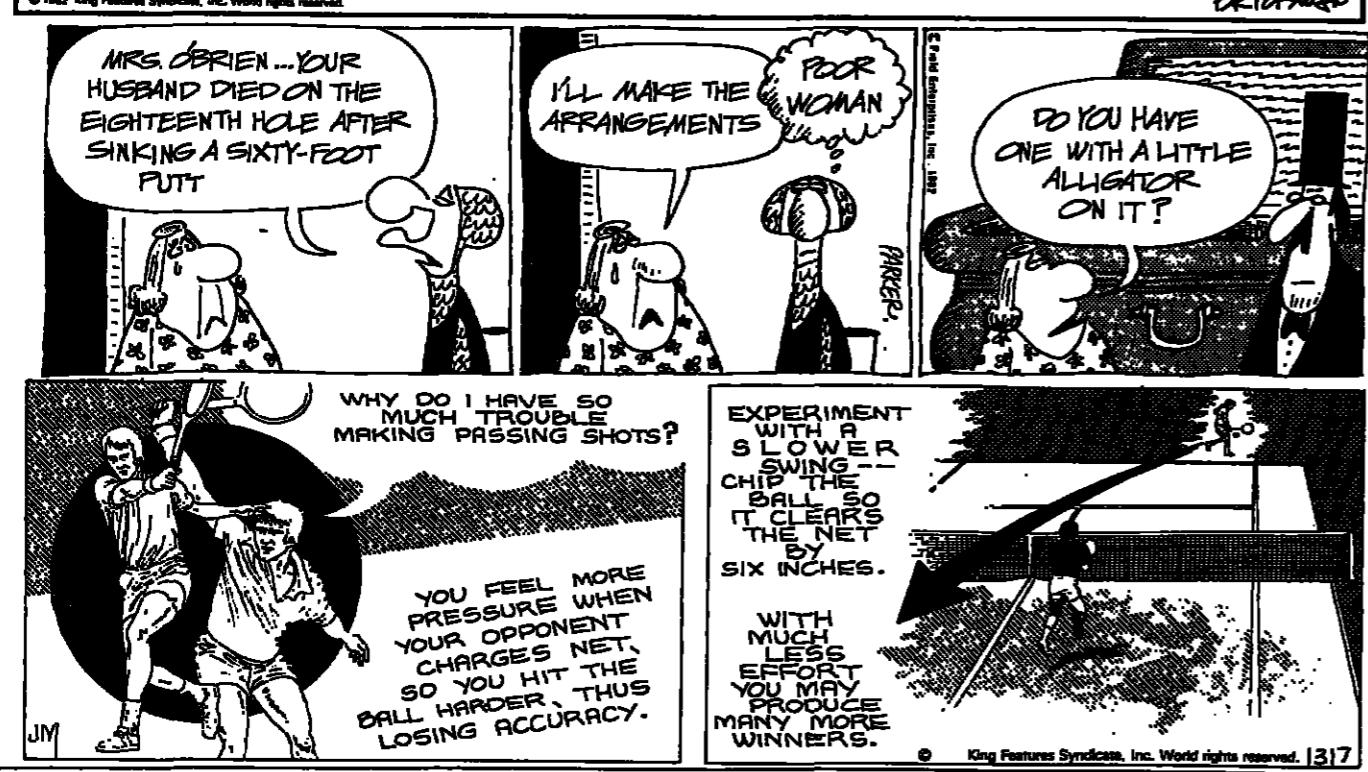
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DENNIS the MENACE



DUNAGIN'S PEOPLE



Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake

FOR SUNDAY, JANUARY 31, 1982



perfect rapport with a loved one. Have fun making plans together.

VIRGO
(Aug. 23 to Sept. 22)

Don't let the emotional reactions of others get to you. You're on top mentally and will make important, job-related decisions.

LIBRA
(Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)

Stresses in a romantic relationship may require a heart-to-heart talk. But rest assured that others will see your point of view.

SCORPIO
(Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)

Work output is uneven now. Don't push yourself if tired. Domestic matters are happily highlighted and family talks are lively.

AQUARIUS
(Jan. 20 to Feb. 18)

Someone's overbearing behavior could get to you, yet you are able to cut through red tape and present your ideas effectively.

PISCES
(Feb. 19 to Mar. 20)

Though financial dealings with others aren't favored,

you'll get good ideas about a career matter. Work done in private is lucky.

CAPRICORN
(Dec. 22 to Jan. 19)

If others are touchy, find a quiet spot where you can relax by yourself. You'll make an important decision now about a needed purchase.

TAURUS
(April 20 to May 20)

Morning hours find you sorting out past events. Later, you'll come up with important career plans. Community affairs are favored.

GEMINI
(May 21 to June 20)

Not everyone will agree with you now, but you'll have

Radio Jeddah

Arabian Transmissions

Time Sunday

2:00 Opening

2:00 Holy Quran

2:00 Program Review

2:07 Guests of Guidance

2:12 Light Music

2:15 On Islam

2:20 Light Music

2:25 Light Music

3:00 The News

3:10 Press Review

3:15 Light Music

3:20 Light & Sports

3:30 Youth Welfare

3:40 Light Music

3:50 Closedown

4:00 Open

4:00 Program Preview

4:05 Call It Monday

4:10 Capture

4:15 News

7:30 Tony Randall Show

7:35 Lite

8:45 Civilization

9:30 Tomorrow's Program

9:45 Arabic Program

10:15 End of the Day

10:30 Closedown

11:00 Dates to Remember

9:30 The News

9:40 S. Chronicle

10:15 Sounds of the Eighties

10:45 A Small World

11:00 Concert Choice

11:43 A Renaissance With

Dances

12:00 Closedown

1:00 Arabic by Radio

1:00 Dates to Remember

9:30 The News

9:40 S. Chronicle

10:15 Sounds of the Eighties

10:45 A Small World

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11:00 Concert Choice

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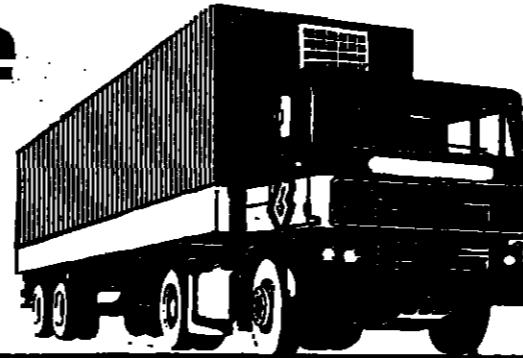
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MOVEMENT OF VESSELS UNDER ABOVE
AGENCIES AT JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT

NAME OF THE VESSEL	E.T.A.
PLANTIN	04.02.1982
STYRAX	11.02.1982
NEW DOLPHIN	16.02.1982
SUMMER RAY	22.02.1982

CONSIGNEES ARE KINDLY REQUESTED TO
CONTACT AGENT FOR OBTAINING
DELIVERY ORDER

For Further Information Please Contact:

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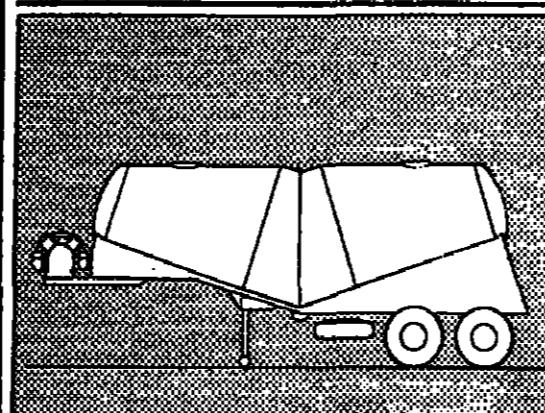
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Name of Vessel	E.T.A.
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ETD	30.01.1982

FINNTIMBER	15.02.1982
POLLUX	25.02.1982

CONSIGNEES ARE REQUESTED TO COLLECT THEIR DELIVERY ORDERS.

For Further Information Please Contact:	GULF AGENCY CO. SAUDI ARABIA
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Please contact Administration Manager by February 4, 1982.

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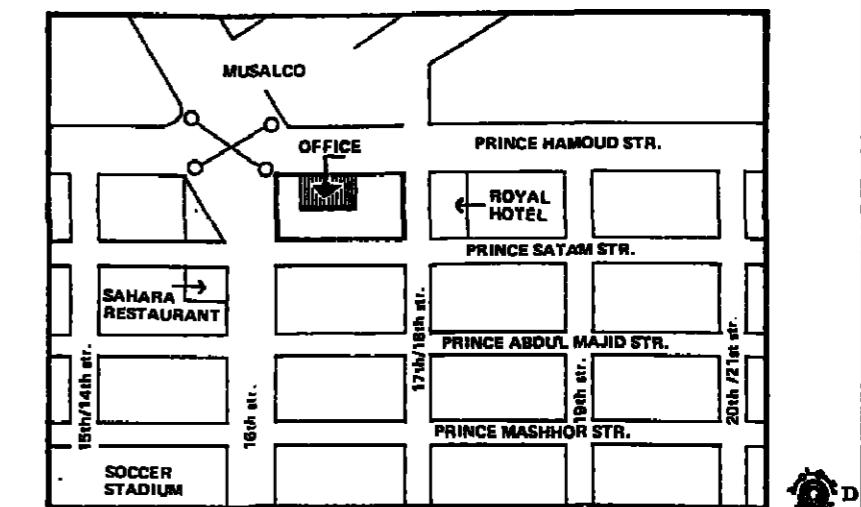
Location: Al Jubail Royal Commission, Camp 6.

Please Contact: Mr. Kang, Personnel Supervisor, P.O.Box 346
Tel: 03-341-5222, BOO-HUNG DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION.

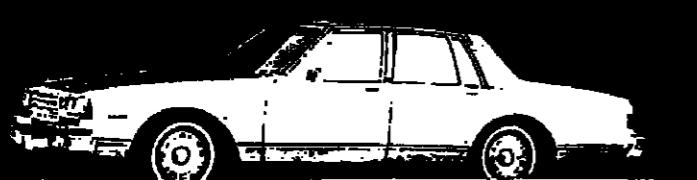
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Price hikes resented

Walesa offers talks with military rulers

WARSAW, Jan. 30 (Agencies) — Solidarity leader Lech Walesa has offered to open preliminary talks with Poland's martial law government, but the talks apparently have been delayed, informed union sources said Saturday.

The sources also said that authorities may close some factories in Gdansk for two weeks to let price hikes ranging up to 400 percent "sink in" after they go into effect Monday. They said the union "will stage protest actions against the price hikes as much as possible," but added such protests should not "result in destruction of the union."

The sources said Walesa had accused the regime of "dishonesty and warned that people

Poles flay U.S. show

WARSAW, Jan. 30 (R) — Polish newspapers Saturday condemned Sunday's American television show about the crisis in Poland, sponsored by the U.S. government and to be broadcast to 50 nations, as a Hollywood extravaganza the official news agency PAP said.

The Communist Party daily *Tribuna Luda* described the show as a "smokescreen for the hegemonic objectives of U.S. global policy and unscrupulous interference in the internal affairs of other states," PAP said. *Tribuna Luda* said the United States had assured states such as Poland of its friendly feelings, but resorted to sanctions which struck a blow at the living standards of every Polish family. "No Hollywood-style political spectacular, even the most namby-pamby one, will sugarcoat this truth," it said.

The army daily *Zolnierz Wolnosci* suggested that the 90-minute television show was intended as a distraction from the troubles of the American economy, plagued by mass unemployment and a soaring budget deficit.

"Under the circumstances, President Reagan resorted to entertain himself and make some green backs on the occasion," it added. "For this purpose, he committed himself to staging a show on Poland, which is strictly linked to the showbiz branch that the president is said to know plenty of."

The army paper added that official and press reaction suggested the show would make a large loss. The \$500,000 television show, which will follow a day of Solidarity with Poland in America and other countries Saturday, features a mixture of Western politicians, pop music and Hollywood entertainers including Frank Sinatra and Bob Hope.

Walesa should not trust the government."

A Ham radio operator in Britain said a broadcast he received from Poland Friday night claimed Walesa was seriously ill in a Warsaw jail, and that Solidarity was arming itself to fight the regime.

Walesa has advised his colleagues still at liberty to protest as far as possible against steep price increases for food and utilities being introduced in Poland Monday, underground Solidarity sources said Saturday.

But he said they should take care that protests do not result in total destruction of the union, which formerly had some 10 million members. The union was suspended when military authorities imposed martial law on Poland last Dec. 13.

The sources said Walesa warned Solidarity activists to avoid getting involved in political issues and to concentrate on union matters. Walesa has been detained since the Solidarity leadership was rounded up in a security sweep following declaration of martial law. His exact whereabouts have not been disclosed but a government spokesman said he was being held near Warsaw.

The sources said there was an agreement that Walesa, accompanied by five advisers, should begin preliminary talks with government representatives last week, but these had not yet taken place by last Wednesday. Since being detained, the Solidarity leader has had separate meetings with Roman Catholic church representatives and government officials, according to church and government sources.

But informed sources said he had refused to discuss the future of Solidarity unless advisers and other members of the Solidarity national leadership were present. Solidarity sources said Saturday that the government had refused to allow two interned advisers, Bronislaw Geremek, a university professor, and Tadeusz Mazowiecki, a prominent Catholic journalist, to be present at talks with the government.

But the government had subsequently approved participation in the proposed conversations by five leading Solidarity advisers still at liberty. The sources said that only last Tuesday Walesa was shown a certificate of his internment dated last Dec. 12. Until then, the sources said, the authorities had maintained that the union chief was not detained.

The sources quoted Walesa as saying the government planned to extend control by itself and the Communist Party over future activities of Solidarity. In order to achieve this aim, the government intended to organize elections to the union leadership by rank-and-file members, Walesa was reported by the sources to have said.

He advised union members taking part in such elections to vote for Solidarity activists still detained under martial law, the sources said.

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